RAND BROS., Real Estate Brok ors.
SPECIAL BARGAINS.
2 Lots, Blanchard St., - $1,000
1 Lot, Kingston St., - - 700
OFFICES: Victoria, Vancouver & New Westminster

The Daily Colonist.

You may pluck the man from his place in the moon
Or tear the clouds from the azure sky,
But you can't find goods that are better than ours
Or catch us asking a price that's high.
A. GILMORE, Johnson Street.
Poor Poets but first-class Clothiers.

VOL. LVIII---NO. 135. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SUNDAY, MAY 15, 1887. TWENTY-NINTH YEAR

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TOBACCO.

The Hudson's Bay Company

Have Received a fresh supply of Messrs. J. B. PACE & CO'S Celebrated Tobaccos, as under:

Escort Chewing, - - 13 oz. plugs.
" " - - - 16 " " smooth
Scroll Tag Smoking, - 7 " twists.
" " " - - 14 " tibbets.
Kentucky Smile, Chewing.
Cross Swords, Long Cut, Smoking.

Myrtle Navy, Climax, Jackson's Best, and other kinds Always on Sale.

Sole Agents for Duke's Cameo Cigarettes.
feb14-1y

Fine Building and Garden Land
FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT,
In Lots of One Acre and upwards, on the Victoria Arm, Craigflower Road, Esquimalt Road, &c., between Victoria and Esquimalt.
Apply to H. F. HEISTERMAN & Co., ALLSOP & MASON, LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO. } Real Estate Agents, Government St.
Or to A. MUNRO, Hudson's Bay Company's Office.
Victoria, B. C., April 30th, 1887. apr30-6m

WANTS.

WANTED—A first-class Navigator.
my12 Apply at THIS OFFICE.

TO AGENTS THE CANADIAN NEEDLE Co., 46 and 48 Front St., East, TORONTO, get up the Neatest, most Complete and Best Selling Needle Package in America. Send 25 cents for Sample of New No. 4, finished in Fine Plush. Particulars sent when stamps are enclosed for reply.

Don't worry if you are out of employment. Write to MR. KOWDY, 41 Wellington St. East, Toronto. Send stamps for reply. my13-6m-dw

EDUCATIONAL.

MUSIC.
MRS. THOS. S. WILSON
Wishes to inform the public that she has a few vacancies for Pupils
REQUIRING PIANOFORTE INSTRUCTION.
FREDERICK STREET, VICTORIA. my6-1m

TO SCHOOL TEACHERS.

APPLICATIONS FOR POSITIONS ON THE teaching staff of the Victoria City Public Schools (addressed to the undersigned) will be received by the Board of Trustees, until NOON of MAY 16th. Duties to commence August 1st, 1887. CHAS. HAYWARD,
apr19 Secretary.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. H. PHILLIPS,
ENGRAVER & DIE SINKER
COLOR STAMPER
Of Envelopes, Paper, Etc., Yates Street, above Douglas, VICTORIA. my8 1m

Send 35c. 50c. or $1.00 for SAMPLE PAIR of
ATHLETIC SUSPENDERS.
The Most Comfortable Brace.
NO STRAIN ON BUTTONS OR SHOULDERS.
Macfarlane & Patterson, MONTREAL
apr1 3m dw

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES TO RETURN thanks for the generous patronage received for the past 17 years and to announce that he has sold his Carriage and Blacksmithing business to McGregor, Knight & McKitrick, for whom he would solicit a continuance of the same. CHARLES BALL.

The undersigned offers for Sale his Stock of Buggies, Carts, Wagons, &c., at Prices below Cost to insure speedy Sale.
All accounts to be settled by the 31st inst.
my13 CHARLES BALL.

BLUE RIBBON PICNIC.
Queen's Birthday Celebration
IN AID OF THE
JUBILEE HOSPITAL.
The BLUE RIBBON CLUB will hold a Picnic at the
AGRICULTURAL HALL, NEAR BEACON HILL
On May 24th, commencing at 2 p. m.
A Programme of Games will be provided. Music will be furnished by the BLUE RIBBON BAND.
ADMISSION FIFTY CENTS.
my10-td

Sportsman's Paradise.
Best Sport in B. C. to be had at Cowichan Lake.
The lake teems with fish and shores are alive with game. Comfortable accommodation afforded at COWICHAN LAKE HOTEL.
BOATS FOR HIRE AND STABLING FOR HORSES
Persons desirous of conveyance to the lake should notify JAS. KEIR, SOMENOS, either by letter or telegraph. CHARLES GREEN,
my3-tf Proprietor.

THE BRUNSWICK HOTEL.
CHANGE OF FIRM.
W. OSTERHOUT BEGS TO INFORM THE public that he has purchased the interest of his partner, William Prout, and will carry on the business of the
BRUNSWICK HOTEL
YATES STREET, on his own account. It is his intention to thoroughly renovate the house and make it the very best house for the money in the city. W. OSTERHOUT.
April 19th, 1887. apr20

ISLAND RAILWAY LANDS
Offices for the transaction of business connected with the above have been opened at the Railway Station, Nanaimo; at the office of Croft & Angus, Chemainus; and at the General Offices of the E. & N. Railway, Victoria.
R. DUNSMUIR, President.
apr27-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES HALL & CO.,
GLOVE MANUFACTURERS,
BROCKVILLE, ONTARIO.
Samples of their Gloves, Mitts and Moccasins now on view. Orders solicited.
J. & A. CLEARIHUE,
my3-1m Agents, Yates St., Victoria.

COTTON RAGS.
6 CENTS PER POUND WILL BE PAID for Clean Cotton Rags, delivered in the Press Room of the COLONIST OFFICE.

TO LET.
A FURNISHED COTTAGE ON SUPERIOR Street, James Bay. Apply to
my12-6t C. N. CAMERON.

VICTORIA THEATRE
5 Nights, Commencing Monday, May 16
America's Greatest Heroic Actor.
LEWIS MORRISON
Supported by his daughter ROSABELLE MORRISON, and the best Company ever seen in Victoria.
REPERTOIRE:
MONDAY & THURSDAY EV'GS Magnificent production of Goethe's } FAUST
Including the "Brocken" Scene, a duplicate of Henry Irving's London success.
TUESDAY EVENING, Dinnery's Masterpiece, } A CELEBRATED CASE
WEDNESDAY EVENING Augustin Daly's famous Melodrama, including R.R. and Dock Scenes, } Under the GASLIGHT
FRIDAY EVENING, Last performance, Watts Phillips English Military Spectacle, } Not Guilty
With the Battle and Embarkation Scenes.
Magnificent Scenery and Costumes
Seats on Sale at WAITT'S Thursday, May 12th. my10

THE GORGE
Pavilion and Picnic Grounds
Have been leased by Profs. Haynes and Oliver, and are now undergoing a complete renovation.
The Pavilion and Grounds will be Open every Saturday Afternoon and Evening.
Music will be Furnished to those who Wish to Dance
Objectionable characters will be forbidden an entrance to the grounds.
my4-1m HAYNES & OLIVER.

NEW STORE.
MRS. E. S. VIGOR, widow of the late Steamboat Inspector, will open the Store on the
CORNER OF DOUGLAS AND PEMBROKE STS.,
with a Choice Stock of
Haberdasheries and Fancy Goods
And would respectfully solicit the patronage of her many friends. ap30-1m

DOGS AT LARGE
THE PUBLIC ARE REQUESTED TO TAKE notice that all Dogs found at large within the city limits after the 2nd day of May next, without the Corporation Tag for the current year, will be impounded and dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the "Pound By-Law."
Dog Tags can be obtained on application at the City Hall, Douglas street.
By order, THOS. RUSSELL,
City Hall, Victoria, Collector M. C.
25th April, 1887. ap26

THE SHIP INN
CHAS. B. McCLUSKEY
Having purchased the "Ship Inn," Wharf St. formerly carried on by Wm. Scott, desires to inform his friends of the fact. It is his intention to thoroughly refit the premises, making it one of the pleasantest resorts in the city. By keeping in stock nothing but the very choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars, he trusts to receive the patronage of the old customers and to attract many new ones. His long experience in "The Grotto" will enable him to cater to all demands that may be made upon him. He trusts to meet all his old friends in his new quarters.
LUNCH SERVED DAILY.
my8-1w

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.
THE ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE General Committe will be held at the Board of Trade rooms, Bank of British Columbia Building, on MONDAY NEXT, the 16th MAY, at 11 A.M. Any member unable to attend will much assist the Committee by sending in his collection book, enabling them to arrive at the total amount of subscriptions.
WM. M. CHUDLEY, Hon. Secretary.
Victoria, B. C., 14th May, 1887. my14-2t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A Parlor Maid, must thoroughly understand waiting on table. Apply between the hours of 10 and 12 a.m., or by letter to MRS. NELSON,
my15-3t Government House.

RETIRED FIREMEN.
AT THE REQUEST OF SEVERAL OLD members a meeting is called at the Deluge Engine House, Monday the 16th inst., at 8 p. m. to arrange for an attendance at the funeral of the late W. Lohse. J. WRIGLESWORTH,
my 15-td Ex-Chief Engineer.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.
TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned until THURSDAY, 4 p.m., 26th inst., for the erection of a two-storey frame dwelling-house on Michigan street, James Bay. Plans and specifications can be seen at his office The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. EDWD. MALLANDAINE, Architect.
Government street, May 14, 1887.
(*Times* copy.) my 15-td

MEETING OF CREDITORS.
A MEETING OF THE CREDITORS OF THE firm of Mallee & Brown will be held at the office of Messrs. Turner, Beeton & Co., Wharf street, on Monday, May 23rd at ten o'clock a.m. my15

Auction Sale!
I am instructed to sell by Public Auction at the sale rooms, Yates street, on
Wednesday Next, 18th Inst.,
AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.
A number of Patterns, Shafting, Brasses, Iron Work, Stoves, Stove Tops, Lamps and Globes for Lamps, a Drum of Machine Oil, a Cask of Lampblack, Weighing Machine, (469 pounds), Zinc-lined Bath, about 700 pounds of Old Zinc, Bedroom Sett, Feather Bed, Spring Matrass, Wagon, Phaeton, Double and Single Harness, Whips and a quantity of other goods, Billiard Tables, etc.
W. R. CLARKE,
My15 Auctioneer.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.
We have been favored with instructions from
Wentworth F. Wood, Esq.,
To Sell, at his Residence,
Cor. MENZIES, SIMCOE and ONTARIO STREETS,
JAMES BAY,
Thursday, May 26th, 1887,
AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.
MODERN AND COSTLY
Household Furniture
AND EFFECTS,
Comprising the Contents of Drawingroom, including:
Finished Black Walnut Parlor Suite, covered in dark claret velvet plush,
Fine B. W. M, T. Centre Tables,
Side Tables, and 5 o'clock Tea.
ENGLISH OIL PAINTINGS,
Chromos, Whatnot, Plush-covered Pedestal and Statuette. "By Jingo."
Elegant Statuettes and Ornaments, in Parian and Glass,
Elegant and comfortable Easy Chairs and Rockers,
Gas Chandeliers, with Lamps fitted,
ENGLISH CARD TABLE,
French Gilt Clock and Glass Shade, Mirror, Black and Gold Easel Portiers, with Brass Rods.
Fine-Toned Square Piano,
By C. D. PEASE & Co., New York, 7¼ Octaves, in Rosewood Case.
Piano Cover, Iron Frame, Double Piano Stool, covered in Plush, Music Stand,
Choice Pattern Brussels Carpets,
Lace and Damask Curtains, Walnut Poles with Brass Rings.
DININGROOM AND HALL.
Black Walnut Ext. Table,
Austrian Beat Wood Cane Seat and Back Chairs, Table Cover,
B. W. Mirror back M. T. Sideboard, Pictures,
Best Quality Plated Tea Set, Tea Tray,
Plated Castor, Salvers, Pickles, Urn,
Butter Dish, Napkin Rings, Cake Basket,
Card Receiver, Vases, Water Pitcher,
Lipscombe's Pat. Water Filter,
Dinner Set, Crockery.
HALL—Stove and Wire Guard, Chairs, Table, Carpets, Stair Carpet, Pads, Buttons.
Black Walnut Bedroom Suites, Mattresses,
Ladies' Low Chairs and Rocker,
Stools, Brussels Carpets, B. W. Rugs,
Wardrobe, Settees with Drawers.
FINE BOOC CASE, WITH DESK.
Pullman Sofa Bed, Iron Frame, covered in fig. plush,
Queen's Own Range, No. 8, with water attachments. Tinware, Ironware, and usual Kitchen articles.
A few choice Pot Flowers, Garden Tools, Hose, Reel.
CATALOGUES ready, at the residence, at 9 a.m., on day of Sale.
JOSHUA DAVIES,
my15 Auctioneer.

GENOVEVA.
Natural Sparkling Mineral
Water Genoveva Brunnen
Cologne.
Pronounced to be the most delicious Sparkling Water known. In addition to being as agreeable as Champagne it HAS TONIC QUALITIES of the highest order. It makes a splendid
LONG DRINK, with Wine or Spirits
TURNER, BEETON & CO.,
my13 AGENTS FOR B. C.

RAISED RATES.
Although the rates are raised,
Anderson & Hastie, Fort St.
Sell all kinds of Furniture at usual LOW PRICES.
my4-3m

S. C. BURRIS,
ARCHITECT.
Moody Building, Corner of Yates and Broad Streets.
mar15-3m

TORONTO'S PROTEST

Against Editor O'Brien Coming to Incite Feeling

Against the Governor-General—Resolutions Carried in a Mass Meeting Protesting Against the Insult—Mayor Howland Telegraphs Lord Salisbury.

[Special to THE COLONIST.]

TORONTO, May 14.

A public meeting was held this afternoon in Queen's park to protest against Wm. O'Brien coming to this city for the purpose of speaking against the governor-general. The meeting was attended by between 10,000 and 14,000 people. The proceedings were characterized by the greatest enthusiasm and perfect order. Mayor Howland presided. After the mayor had read a proclamation calling the meeting, the bishop of Algoma moved the first resolution as follows: "That this meeting reprobate the action of Wm. O'Brien visiting this city for the purpose of exciting hostile feeling against his excellency, the governor-general, on account of differences between his excellency and his tenants in Ireland and express its entire and unabated confidence in the character of his excellency the Marquis of Lansdowne, and in his fitness to represent her majesty in Canada." His lordship in moving the resolutions protested against the great wrong as unblushing, indecent and an audacious impertinence was about to be perpetrated by O'Brien coming to Toronto. He said this fair Dominion was not the home of rebels. O'Brien's coming was founded on falsehood and hypocrisy.

H. M. Clark, M. P., seconded the resolution, which was supported by the Bishop of Toronto, and carried amid tremendous cheering, and waving of hats. Only about 20 hands were held up against the resolution.

Prof. Goldwin Smith moved the second resolution, as follows: "That this meeting look with perfect confidence to the parliament of the united kingdom for a wise and just settlement of all questions in relation to Ireland."

After remarks by mover, Rev. Dr. Potts and Rev. G. M. Milligan, resolution carried amid tremendous cheering.

Resolutions are to be forwarded Lord Lansdowne and Lord Salisbury.

Three cheers were given for the governor-general amidst the greatest enthusiasm, and all uncovered and sang the national anthem.

Mayor Howland sent the following cablegram to Lord Salisbury:

"A great mass meeting in Queen's park, Toronto, reprobates O'Brien's mission and expressed confidence in Lord Lansdowne. We also look with confidence to the British parliament for a wise and just settlement of the Irish question."

O'BRIEN'S MOVEMENTS.

He is Followed Wherever He Goes by an Unknown Man.

Bitter Feeling Against Lansdowne in Quebec on Hearing O'Brien—Lansdowne to Receive a Demonstration in Ottawa.

(Special to THE COLONIST.)

TORONTO, May 14.—On leaving Quebec last evening an exciting scene occurred. From the moment the party set out from the Grand Central depot, New York, until the present, a suspicious individual has been in sight all the time. He took the same boat, the same train, stayed at the same hotel, and when the visit to the country was decided upon, hired a coupé all alone and got as near as possible to the carriage where the O'Brien party was. As the vessel steamed out from the Richelieu pier, Quebec, the mysterious and ubiquitous man was again discovered and crowds ashore created a tumult by threatening to throw him off the boat. Mr. O'Brien knew nothing of this angry crowd, and was called by officers of the Montreal national league, and the steamer passed out of the harbor in peace.

That an immediate effect has already been produced by O'Brien's visit is no longer doubted. For instance Lord Lansdowne, who is accustomed to spend some time in the citadel, Quebec, at this season of the year, will not go there this year, so bitter is the feeling aroused against him by O'Brien's recital of his doings as landlord in Ireland. As Lord Lansdowne will not be in Toronto when Mr. O'Brien arrives, but Ottawa, where a demonstration is organizing for his honor, some think that any trouble, if trouble there is, will take place on the same day.

A LIVELY EXPERIENCE.

The Little Steam Launch Cosmos, 32 Tons Rides the Frightful Gale, that Caused the Ocean King to Sink.

Yesterday morning the steam launch Cosmos, belonging to the U.S. steamer C. P. Patterson, arrived from Port Townsend. She is the vessel that brought the crew of the ill-fated ship Ocean King from Cape Flattery to the Sound. A reporter of THE COLONIST interviewed Mr. Beecher, ensign in the navy, who related the startling experience of the crew of the little steamer:—We left San Francisco in tow of the Patterson, all ready for any emergency, the fires being banked, and had not proceeded many miles when it was observed that we were going to have a spell of nasty weather, which in a short time came upon us in full force. We had got up a good head of steam in case anything happened, when the tow-line snapped. A sognal was given to start the engines, but as the engineer was going to start, one of the men accidentally dropped a piece of wood into the crank hole, and in endeavoring to extract it his hand was caught, and but for the fact that the engines were not going it would have been crushed to a shapeless mass. However, the action of the waves on the propeller moved it backwards and forward and caused some delay in extracating him from his unfortunate position, and it was therefore some time before we were able to start ahead. The experience was not a pleasant one, I can assure you. The launch is one of the staunchest afloat, and the fact that she rode the storm that caused the sinking of the Ocean King is something to boast of.

The launch suffered little damage, with the exception that a few planks in her deck were loosened. The object of her visit to this port was for the purpose of procuring supplies. She returned to Port Townsend last evening.

ANOTHER PIONEER GONE.

Last evening at 6 o'clock, William Lohse, proprietor of the Bank Exchange, Yates street, died in the 52nd year of his age. Deceased has been suffering for some time from aneurism of the heart, from which complaint he died and for the past year has suffered great agony. He came to the province in July, 1858, during the Fraser river excitement, and mined on several creeks with various success, some one or more of which he was the actual discoverer. He was one of the earliest of the Cariboo pioneers and mined with those hardy adventurers, many of whom have reached that bourne from which no traveller returns many years before himself. Returning to Victoria about 1806 he went into business on Johnson street, after which he started up in the old Washington market on Government street. He remained in business until the White Pine excitement, when he started for that locality and remained about two years ere he returned to Victoria.

Upon the organization of the Victoria volunteer fire department he became an active member, and upon his return he resumed his fire duties to the approbation of his fellow firemen, who elected him to every office in their power, from assistant foreman to chief engineer, and then as delegate from the Deluge company and president of the board of delegates for many years and until the day of the disorganization for a paid department. As a mark of esteem his own company, Deluge No. 1, presented him with a valuable gold headed walking cane and the department tendered him an illuminated address in recognition of his valuable services.

Deceased was also a charter member in the organization of the Ancient Order of United Workmen in this city, and held a responsible position in that order until ill-health caused his resignation when he was presented with a valuable token in recognition of his impartiality and integrity in the service of that order.

Only a year ago last month he imported a number of carp and placed them in the Little Langford lake, hoping to acclimate them in these waters. It is to be hoped they will live to perpetuate his memory.

The deceased was an enterprising citizen and generous to all who ever made their wants known to him. His death will be regretted by many who will always hold his memory dear.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday afternoon next and will be conducted under the auspices of the A. O. U. W. and attended by the volunteer fire department, and the Pioneer Society.

THE BENEFIT.

A Crowded House and Splendid Entertainment.

The joint benefit of the St. Andrew's and Caledonian societies and the Lewis Morrison Standard company in aid of the Nanaimo sufferers and the Royal Jubilee Hospital, took place last evening at The Victoria. One of the largest and most fashionable audiences of the season was present, and the programme which was rendered was worthy of them. It was divided into two parts, the first being produced by Victoria amateurs and the last by Lewis Morrison and his company. The opening number was a vocal quartette by Messrs. Lombard, Kent, Gore and White, which was so well rendered that it called forth unstinted approval, followed by a charming song by Miss Clara Cameron, which earned a deserved recall. Mr. T. S. Gore sang "The Wolf," securing for himself a well-merited *encore*. The fourth number announced was a solo by Miss Maggie Campbell, who appeared as a *debutante* before a Victoria audience. She was rapturously encored. Mr. E. G. Prior closed the first part of the programme, and most appropriately, in his connection with the sad scenes at Nanaimo, sang "The Miner," by Marti, securing an enthusiastic recall.

After a selection by the orchestra, Mr. Lewis Morrison appeared in a recitation, "Annie and Willie's Prayer." His rendition of the pretty piece was superb. He responded to the call of the audience three times and each time received a perfect ovation. Mr. Staley followed in character dancing and created great amusement. Mr. Hosmer's recitation, "The first Settlers," was rendered in an entertaining manner, his ideas of elocution being very good. One scene of "Under the Gaslight" closed this excellent performance, which reflects infinite credit upon its promoters and the Morrison company, who assisted in making it so great a success.

THE NANAIMO DISASTER.

Recovery of Bodies—Fourteen Yet Remain in the Mine—Business Resuming.

NANAIMO, May 14.—Yesterday evening the body of T. Gorman was recovered and to-day the bodies of Charles Drake, Caton Willis, W. Hague, James Lyons, John Thompson, Wm. Hoy, John Myles, Alex. McDonald, W. Morris and one unknown, were brought to the surface. Also found the bodies of Wm. Scales, Frank Tutley, W. H. Stephenson, John Johnson, and three Chinamen, which will all be brought up this evening. Six white and eleven Chinamen are yet to be found. The bodies were badly burned and recognizable only by the articles of apparel or their peculiarities.

Work at South Field is likely to be resumed on Monday and the public schools will re-open. At a public meeting held last night a relief committee was appointed. President, the mayor of Nanaimo; vice-presidents, mayors of Victoria, New Westminster and Vancouver; honorary treasurer, S. M. Robins; honorary secretary, Dr. Preger, and a committee of thirty-two, with power to add to their number.

LATER.

The air in the diagonal slope was so far improved this morning that a search party were successful in finding the bodies of thirteen white men and five Chinese. There are still fourteen to be recovered.
S. M. ROBINS.

FROM DONALD.

Four Bodies Found in the Columbia—Three Shooting Affrays.

DONALD, May 14.—Donald has had its fill of sensation within the past week. What with four bodies found in the Columbia and three shooting affairs, one of which is probably fatal, Judge Vowell has his hands pretty full. The cry of this country is the deficiency in the matter of constables. What is the matter with our local government in this particular?

OUR GERMAN CABLE.

Passage of Increased Taxes on Sugars.

Duties on Corn and Wool to be Raised—Further Difficulties with St. Petersburg—The Czar will Suppress the German Language.

(Copyright 1887, by the New York Associated Press.)

(Special to THE COLONIST.)

BERLIN, May 14.—The commission on the spirit tax held a preliminary sitting yesterday. The composition of the commons gives so strong a majority to the supporters of the bill that there is no chance that an amendment will be other than the government chooses. The sugar tax bill was passed by the Bundesrath today and will be presented to the Reichstag next week. An effort will be made to have the measure pass its first reading before Whitsuntide. The bill fixes the import duty from August 1st, 1888, on syrup and molasses at 15 marks per 100 kilograms, and upon all other sugars 30 marks per 100 kilos. On beet root one mark, and on beet root sugar, home made, 10 marks per 100 kilograms. Further from the same date an export bounty of 10 marks per 100 kilograms will be paid on raw sugar, and for other sugar export bounties of 12 marks.

Reichstag will overtake during the present session some of the social measures. The first of these taken up will be the seamen's accident insurance bill. The commission which is now sitting on the agrarian party has definitely succeeded in inducing the government to prepare the bill raising the duties on corn and wool. Herr Von Schol, minister of finance, has the bill in hand. It is reported that its leading proposals are nearly double import duties on corn, rye and wool. Opposition to these proposals lessen under the irritation caused by the Russian tariffs, which are hostile to Germany.

Official advices from St. Petersburg today declare there is a marked improvement in Russian relations with Germany, and that an *entente cordiale* with Prince Bismarck has been renewed, despite the polemic over the Austro-Russian treaty regarding the occupation of Bosnia. This statement conflicts with the feeling in Berlin, in official circles, and is interpreted as indicating a dread of further revelations of new intrigue on the part of Russia who, it is alleged, is trying to induce Austria to abandon the German alliance. The origin of the recent disclosure is now known to be a discovery by Prince Bismarck that Russia was making approaches for another secret treaty with Austria with the object of detaching her from Germany. The disclosure has effected its purpose of frustrating the Russian game and obliging the Austrian government to summarily refuse to consider any arrangement now known to Germany.

Herr Tizza, Hungarian premier, will be questioned next week on the diet at Pesth for the purpose of eliciting information as to the relations between Austria and Russia, but it is improbable that Tizza will be in a position to make an explicit declaration. He can certainly venture to say nothing about the new Russian intrigue, suspicion of which increases to the anger of Hungarian deputies over the reichstag compact of 1876. In the face of the Russian underground plotting, open tariff hostilities, and efforts to extinguish the Germans in the Baltic provinces, verbal assurances coming from St. Petersburg are held of small account.

The *Post* referring to the czar's edict for suppressing the German language in the schools, declares that this is the hardest blow struck at German and European civilization in the Baltic provinces. It involves the extirpation of the German element of Door Patt university and will intensify the bitterness of the anti-Russian sentiment felt throughout Germany.

THE PEOPLE'S PALACE.

Open by the Queen and Declared Open by the Prince of Wales.

The Ceremonies on the Occasion—The Queen Enters the Mansion House in State for the First Time.

(Special to THE COLONIST.)

LONDON, May 14.—The lord mayor and municipal officers of the city of London went in carriages from the Mansion house to the city's boundary line. At Holborn, they alighted and awaited the Queen who was in an open carriage. At the Queen's approach the lord mayor received a pearl sword from the sword bearer. His worship lowered the point, congratulated her majesty in coming to her most loyal city and presented the sword to the Queen. She took and returned it to the lord mayor and the retinue then placed themselves immediately in advance of the Queen's carriage and escorted her across the city to the eastern boundary old gate, and then bade her farewell for a brief time, and repaired to the Mansion house to await her majesty's return.

The Queen proceeded to the people's palace and ascended the dais where the Prince of Wales, Marquis of Lorne, Duke of Cambridge, Archbishop of Canterbury were assembled, the choir singing the national anthem. The Queen then received the gold keys. Mme. Debonie sang "Home, Sweet Home." The Prince of Wales then declared the people's palace open. The announcement was received with a great flourish of trumpets, followed by the grand choir rendering "Old Hundred." Subsequently the Queen laid the first stone of the foundation for the technical schools attached to the people's palace. The Archbishop of Canterbury prayed for, blessed the people and pronounced the benediction.

At the conclusion of the ceremonies the royal procession started on the return, and by command of the Queen the longest route back was taken. The procession moved off in Burdette road, going thence along Commercial road to the old gate. The deviation was ordered to please the citizens, who requested it. Arriving again at the city limits the royal carriage, led by the lord mayor and the civic officers, was escorted to the Mansion house, which the Queen entered in state for the first time in her life.

The lord mayor wore crimson and ermine robes, only assumed when the sovereign visits him, and conducted the Queen to the tea room. The weather was fine all day.

Mayor Gibson has received from Mr. S. M. Robins, superintendent, a cheque for $1,000, being a first subscription on behalf of the Vancouver Coal Company.

"IN LIMBO" UNTIL DOOMSDAY.

TO THE EDITOR:—In the Journal of the legislative assembly of the province of British Columbia, session 1887, (p. 13) we find the following entry:

Monday, February 7th.

Mr. Martin asked the hon. attorney-general the following questions:

1. How long has J. B. Hill been confined in gaol at Kamloops?
2. For what cause?
3. Who pays for his maintenance?
4. If the provincial government, how much?
5. Has any money been paid by the private prosecutor; and if so, how much?

The Hon. Mr. Davie replied as follows: Mr. Hill is detained under civil process. He was, as I am informed, delivered into custody of the Kamloops gaol on the 11th of May, 1886, by virtue of two writs of *capias*. The province, as is usual in such cases, pays for the maintenance of the debtor. No moneys have been paid by the plaintiff.

Here, then, we have the case of a man deprived, for more than a year, of his liberty under a civil process! Is this procedure correct? If so, the simple order of a judge, in a civil process, suffices to imprison a man for a period indefinite, yea, until the end of his natural life!

And yet we are told that imprisonment for debt has been abolished in this province for nearly a quarter of a century.

Assuming the defendant in question to be a malevolent debtor with means to pay but seeking to cheat and abscond,—why is he not subjected to trial for an attempt at fraud?

No less in the interest of a fair administration of justice than in the interest of the prosecuting creditor, such a debtor should be put upon oath regarding his means, visible and invisible, to liquidate the debt. Should he, by making false statements, commit perjury, he would become amenable under the criminal code and, if outside of the province, he could be reached under extradition treaties.

On the other hand, were he to swear truly to not possessing any means whatsoever, to being penniless—by what right could the government continue to keep him—where they have now kept him since the 11th May, 1886—in gaol?

And the prosecuting creditor—what protection or benefit results to him by the imprisonment of a debtor who is insolvent and who pines away in gaol—jubilee year or no jubilee year—whilst the expense of maintaining him is borne by the public treasury, *i. e.* by the tax payers. H. J.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

The charge of larceny against Sue Gum, a Chinese girl who escaped from a brothel in San Francisco, was dismissed in that city by Judge Lawler, who said the charge was a trumped up one to get the girl back.

A grain warehouse at the Morrison wharf, San Francisco, gave way on Friday morning with a loud crash. A little boy was instantly killed by falling timbers and several laborers were seriously injured.

The clipper ships Seminole and Charmer started from New York on Thursday on a 17,000 mile race, to San Francisco, and the clipper Geo. Curtis, left Philadelphia yesterday to endeavor to beat the New York clippers.

In the new convention between the Porte and Great Britain it is agreed that the period of British occupation of Egypt will be not less than two and not more than five years.

It is rumored that Herr Blichesders, agent on behalf of three large banking firms in Berlin and four in St. Petersburg, has concluded an extensive arrangement for converting the present outstanding Russian loans into a new issue with the view of raising Russian credit abroad.

The new German liberals are forming an anti-corn law league. They propose to publish a paper and organize meetings and provoke agitation throughout the country.

Three directors of glass works at Vallerstal have been expelled and accused of belonging to the French reserves and drilling their fellow workmen.

A Dispatch from Odessa says that the bankruptcy court is blocked with insolvency cases of old-established and hitherto flourishing concerns. Many commercial men would welcome a war as infinitely preferable to the present depression.

A submarine cable in the bay of Sebastopol has been cut in several places and portions of it have been stolen. Only high military officials knew of the existence of the cable.

A SONG OF DISASTER.

(*By the Comox Rustic.*)

Can this indeed be May?
The month so green and fair?
Surely November, at its worst,
Could scarce with this compare.

For clouds of blackest hue
In dense battalions form,
And trees uproot, and fences fly
Before the warring storm,

The shivering cows rush home
To shun the fierce down-pour;
Old yellow straw, or musty hay,
They eagerly devour.

The brimming river foams,
With current brown and strong;
And over ploughed and seeded lands
The wild duck sails along.

Mere trifles these—but ah!
What real trouble springs
Where Death's Dark Angel hovers low,
With close and sifting wings.

Woe for the stricken town!
Woe for the homes of gloom,
Which husband's, son's, or father's face
Shall nevermore illume!

O, month of cloud and wrath!
Long, long, through future years,
Nanaimo will remember thee
With sighing and with tears.

God bind the broken hearts;
God comfort those who mourn
For what can human aid avail,
In such a time forlorn

Astonishing Success.

It is the duty of every person who has used *Boschee's German Syrup* to let its wonderful qualities be known to their friends in curing Consumption, severe Coughs, Croup, Astema, Pneumonia, and in fact all throat and lung diseases. No person can use it without immediate relief. Three doses will relieve any case, and we consider it the duty of all Druggists to recommend it to the poor, dying consumptive, at least to try one bottle, as 80,000 dozen bottles were sold last year, and no one case where it failed was reported. Such a medicine as the *German Syrup* cannot be too widely known. Ask your druggist about it. Sample bottles to try, sold at 10 cents. Regular size, 75 cents. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers, in the United States and Canada. dw

The Vancouver *News-Advitiser's* fund is now $707.20.

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, MAY 15TH, 1887.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY

BY

W. H. ELLIS.
A. G. SARGISON.
W. R. HIGGINS. } ELLIS & CO.

THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOVERNMENT ST.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of Canada).....$10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered).....25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of the Dominion or United States.....$2 00
Six Months.....1 25
Three Months.....75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly in ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING RATES:

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES among the local items or reading matter, 20 cents per line each insertion, or $1.50 per line per month. If inserted in column "What Some People Say," 30 cents per line each insertion, or $2 per line per month. No Special Notice inserted for less than $3.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everthing of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, solid Nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements.—

More than one fortnight and not more than one month—50 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight—40 cents.

Not more than one week—30 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every-day insertion.

Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of specified period will be charged as if continued for full term.

Liberal allowance on yearly and half-yearly contracts.

☞ Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

THE TARIFF CHANGES.

A great deal of interest was displayed as well in the other provinces of the Dominion as in British Columbia, as to what changes would be made in the tariff. Expectation has been set at rest and the tariff as wired from Ottawa is, on the whole, complete. There seem to be a few inaccuracies doubtless, due to errors in transmission such as are always liable to occur. For instance in several cases the same rate per cent. is given for different articles under last year's and this year's tariff. This will be remedied when the returns are received from Ottawa. As a rule there is a gradual raising in the various articles which can be manufactured in Canada, though these cannot be said in the main to be very excessive. It may be interesting to note some of the changes: Paper, calendered or not, was 22½ per cent. and has been raised 2½ per cent. Writing paper, not calendered, was 20 per cent. and has been increased 5 per cent. The duty on both is now the same, viz: 25 per cent. Labels for fruit, vegetables, meat, fish, etc., and also tickets, posters, advertising bills and folders were under the old tariff 10 cents per lb. and 20 per cent., and are now 15 cents per lb. and 25 per cent. Cigars and cigarettes were $1.20 per lb. and 20 per cent., but are now $2.00 per lb. and 25 per cent. Potatoes have been raised 5 cents per bushel. Coarse and fine salt, formerly free, has ben raised 10 cents per 100 lbs. in bulk, and in bags or barrels 15 cents per 100 lbs. Earthenware, stoneware, Rockingham, white granite, iron, stoneware, etc., have been raised 5 per cent., being now 35 per cent. In buggies, farm wagons, farm railway or freight carts, pleasure carts or gigs, the tariff has been as a rule raised, railway carts especially so. Table glassware, which was 30 per cent., is now 10 cents per doz. and 30 per cent., a heavy increase. Sole leather has been slightly reduced, the tariff being 3 cents per lb. In an invoice yesterday of 20 soles the difference between the old and new tariffs was $2.40. The reduction will of course be corresponding ly greater on finer articles. Japanned, patent or enamelled leather has been raised 5 per cent. being now 25 per cent. Floor oilcloth was 30 per cent. and has been raised 5 cents per square yard and 20 per cent. Other oil cloth under item 318 has been raised 5 per cent. School slates have been raised 1 cent. each. Valises, satchels, carpet bags, pocket books and purses were 30 per cent. and are now 10 cents each and 30 per cent—a raise of 10 cents each which is quite a consideration in those small articles. Twine of all kinds, except those used in the fisheries which are on the free list, formerly 25 per cent. are now 1 cent. per lb and 25 per cent. There is a raise on tomatoes (green) of 20 per cent. and on other vegetables of 5 per cent. Item 475, including all fabrics composed wholly or in part of wool worsted, the hair of the alpaca, goat or other animals upon which there was a duty of 22½ per cent. *ad valorem* has been repealed. They now go under item 473: "all fabrics wholly or in part of wool, worsted, hair of alpaca, goats, etc.," upon which there is a duty of 7½ cents per lb. and 20 per cent. Shirt collars, before 30 per cent, are now 24 cents per dozen and 30 per cent—a heavy increase. Cuffs, before 30 per cent, have been increased by 4 cents per pair. Gas meters have been raised 5 per cent, being now 30 per cent. Mucilage has been considerably raised. The minister of customs, who has a practical knowledge of the ills under which newspapers suffer, has put a duty of 25 per cent on newspapers partly printed. This will have a tendency to keep out holiday periodicals and advertising sheets. Linen or cotton shirts have been raised $1 per dozen, being formerly 30 per cent. Colored fabrics, before 20 per cent, are now 25. The duty on maccaroni has almost been doubled. There is a considerable reduction in the rate on oranges and lemons. An immense raise is noted in the duty on chopping axes, being before 30 per cent and now $2 per dozen and 10 per cent. Broad axes, adzes, etc., have been raised to $3 per dozen and 20 per cent. all others and knives and five-pronged forks, $2 per dozen and 20 per cent. Hoes and garden rakes are a notable increase, indeed in all these lines of goods the results of the changes in the tariff are most apparent. These latter are $1 per dozen and 20 per cent. Bar iron has been raised, being now $11 per ton. Wire of spring steel is now 12½ per cent. and was before free. This is used in making mattresses. Boiler and other iron plate is now $10 per ton. Hoop, band or scroll or other iron, eight inches or less in width and thinner than No. 20 guage, $13 per ton; a large increase. The same thinner than No. 20 guage 12½ per cent. Rolled channels and angle and T iron is a new item, the duty being 12½ per cent. Iron bridges and structural iron work $25 per ton, provided that the duty shall not be less than 30 per cent. This is a raise of 5 per cent. Malleable iron castings and steel castings have been raised 5 per cent. Plates, sad irons, tailors' irons, etc., have been raised 5 per cent. Iron or steel axles, axle bars, etc., without reference to the stage of manufacture, $30 per ton, but not less than 35 per cent. This is an increase of 10 per cent. Locomotives and other steam engines, boilers and machinery, composed wholly or in part of iron and steel, 30 per cent., being a raise of 5 per cent. Locomotive tires of Bessemer steel in the rough are a new item, the duty being 10 per cent. Boiler tubes or flues, or stays of rough iron or steel, a new item, 15 per cent. Safes have been raised 10 per cent. Scales, formerly 20 per cent., are now 30 per cent. Wire, except for submarine cables, is the same as before. Sledges, track tools, wedges and crow bars of iron and steel are rated at 1¼ cents. per lb and 30 per cent., an increase of 1¼ per cent. Carriage hardware 35, and all others 30 per cent. Cut nails and spikes of iron formerly ½ cent. per lb and 10 per cent. are now 1 cent. per lb, a heavy raise. Fire brick on which a duty of 20 per cent. was formerly levied is now on the free list. Anthracite coal, now free, was under the old tariff 50 cents. per ton. Bituminous coal remains as it was, 60 cents. per ton. Jeans 25 per cent., a raise of 5 per cent. Printed or dyed cotton fabrics formerly 27½ per cent. are now 32½. Demijohns or jugs, churns or crocks, have been raised 1 cent. per gallon holding capacity, being now 3 cents. Gold and silver leaf have been raised 5 per cent. Sewing machines under the new tariff $3 specific duty and 20 per cent. have been raised $1 each. Plated knives before 30 per cent. are now 50 cents per dozen and 20 per cent, all other electro-plate ware 30 per cent. Manufactures of plumbago have been raised 5 per cent, being now 25 per cent. These are the principle articles in the tariff in which any appreciable increase can be noted, though in some of the minor items the tariff makes radical changes. It will be noticed that great protection is given to iron and steel manufacture, and it is only for our wealthy men themselves to say whether or not they will take advantage of the government's action. The object of protection is to conserve home industries and there is ample scope in this province for the building of factories and investing money now lying idle. Of course in the changing of tariffs individual cases of hardship will occur, but these can be remedied against. We heard of a case in point yesterday. It will be noticed that the duty on cast iron pipe of every description is $12 per ton. The new tariff will make a difference of about $3 per ton, so that several gentlemen who have made large contracts will be heavy losers. Had a clause been inserted in their contracts providing for such a contingency, such a result would not have happened. On the whole, we think, the country may feel well satisfied with the tariff changes, and it is very evident the government have an eye single to the good of this young and promising Dominion of ours.

THE FRANCHISE ACT.

Several Dominion members appear to be animated with a desire to tinker with the Franchise Act. The cost of preparing the voters' lists last year was something enormous to the country according to the returns brought down, and probably as much again has come out of the pockets of the politicians. Many members, Conservatives as well as Reformers, would not be sorry to see the act wiped out of existence altogether, while others are convinced that manhood suffrage is not far distant. The great stumbling block in the way of manhood suffrage for the entire Dominion is the Quebec contingent, and it would spoil Sir John's argument for a symmetrical franchise throughout the Dominion, although, by the way, it is not quite symmetrical, if he were to propose universal suffrage for Canada, and exclude Quebec from its provisions. It is understood that Mr. Laurier will bring up a resolution shortly affirming the necessity of repealing the Franchise Act, and then we shall have the old topic thrashed out again. Meantime Mr. Edgar has introduced a bill which seems likely to go through, its provisions being on the whole acceptable. One clause is to ensure greater secrecy of the ballot, by providing that the ballot paper to be used in future must be thicker in quality in order that pencil marks may not be seen through. It is further proposed to make the law clear by inserting a clause in the act affirming the right of deputy returning officers to vote, and with regard to the oath which a deputy returning officer has to makeas to the accuracy of his proceedings in preparing the statement of the poll, it is provided that he can make this either before the returning officer or a justice of the peace, as hitherto, or before the poll clerk, so that there will be no excuse for keeping the ballot box open until a magistrate can be obtained.

THE full reports of the recent gold discoveries in the Transvaal, if unexaggerated, show that the new Sheba mine is one of the richest in the world. The reef, as these South African miners call a ledge, yields from ten to thirty ounces of gold to the ton, and the supply of this rich quartz is inexhaustible. But an even richer mine than this is the Thomas reef, samples of quartz from which weigh 3,000 pounds yielding 148 ounces of gold. The mines are in the De Kaap valley, and already a new town of 8,000 people has sprung up, where six months ago there was not a sign of life. The American consul at Cape Town warns American miners of small means not to venture to the new mines, as like the Kimberly diggings this new camp is a costly place to reach.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test, short-weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 107 Wall Street, New York. janl5 1y

AUCTION SALES.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

Unredeemed Pledges.

—BY ORDER OF—

MR. A. A. AARONSON

We will SELL AT SALESROOM, WHARF STREET, on

Monday, May 23rd, 1887

DIAMOND Rings, Pins, Bracelets, Earrings, Lockets.

GOLD Watches, Chains, Rings, Bracelets, Earrings, Pins, Lockets, Studs, Ladies and Gentlemen's Sets, Breast Pins, Cuff Buttons, Spectacles, Pencils, Masonic Pins, Charms and Keys.

SILVER Watches, Chains, Bracelets, Forks and Spoons, Ladles, Fish Knife and Fork, Cups, Horn.

☞ Catalogues ready on Wednesday, May 18. Goods guaranteed as represented.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
my10 Auctioneer.

G. BYRNES,

AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION

VALUABLE

Real Estate Sale

Barkerville, Quesnelle, Yale, New Westminster and Victoria City.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia:

JOSEPH GOETZ vs. LOO CHOCK FAN, AND LOO CHEW FAN, Trading as Kwong Lee & Co.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN pursuance of an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, made herein, and dated the 1st day of December, A. D. 1886, with the approbation of the Honorable Sir Matthew Baillie Begbie, Knight, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, there will be sold by Public Auction at my Salesrooms, Fort and Langley Streets, Victoria,

On Wednesday, the 18th Day of May,

A. D. 1887, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, in 21 Lots, all the right, title, equity of redemption, and all other the interests of the defendants or either of them in the following freehold and leasehold property:—

FREEHOLD.

BARKERVILLE.

1. LOT 20, Block I.

QUESNELLEMOUTH.

2. Western portion of Lot 14, Block II (66 feet width by depth of 22 feet) on which is erected a substantial Storehouse.
3. Lot 16, Block II.
4. Lot 1, Block III.
5. (1) One twelfth part of the Bradley Nicholson Mining Co'ys claim.
(2) One sixth part of the Bradley-Nicholson Mining Co'ys claim.
(3) One eleventh part of the Bradley-Nicholson Mining Coy's claim.
6. Beaver Lake Ranch, consisting of 320 acres in Alexandria District.

YALE.

7. Part of Lot 5, Block II, on which is a portion of a house.
8. Lots 7 and 8, Block II, on which are erected the old Kwong Lee & Co's Store House and a fine Stone Cellar.
9. Lot 9, Block II.
10. Lot 7, Block IV, on which are erected four small tenements.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

11. Lot 4, Block 24, Agnes Street.
12. Lot 11, Block 24, Prevost Street.
13. Lot 4, Block 17, Carnarvon Street.
14. Lot 16, Block 13, Clarkson Street.

VICTORIA CITY.

15. Lots 586, 587, 588 and West half of 589, on Cormorant Street, and 594, 595, 596 on Fisguard Street, on which there is a mortgage to Roderick Finlayson for $6,000, payable 6th June, 1864, with interest at 2% per month. Receipts for $2,000, dated 6th June, 1865, endorsed thereon. Also mortgage to Roderick Finlayson to secure payment of $14,260 on 15th November, 1888, with interest at 1% per month. Also Lots 597 and 598 subject to the last mentioned mortgage for $14,260.
16. Westerly ½ of Lot 444, on south side of Fisguard Street, recorded memorandum by Loo Chock Fan, representing Kwong Lee & Co, purporting to convey *inter alia* said (part of said) Lot to Roderick Finlayson as security for payment of a promissory note for $3,000 and interest.
17. Lot 445 on South side of Fisguard Street. On Lots 16 and 17 there are two wooden buildings that return a rental of $30 per month.
18. Lot 532 on South side of Cormorant Street, on which is erected a large brick building, occupied by the firm of Kwong Lee & Co, and on the West side of this Lot there is a substantial brick wall erected suitable for a side wall for any building that may hereafter be erected thereon, and in which the firm of Kwong Lee & Co. have a half interest.

Mortgage to Lamprey Karney for $1,500, payable 2nd August, 1872, with interest at 10% per annum. Particulars as to the payment of this mortgage will be furnished on application.

19. Lot 438 and Westerly ½ of 439, on which there is a mortgage in favor of Rt. Rev. George Hills, P. O'Reilly and Wm. C. Ward, to secure payment of $3,500 on 5th June, 1883, with interest at 8% per annum. And a further charge to secure payment of $2,000. This property is covered with first class 2 storey brick buildings, divided into four Stores below, with room, &c., and returns rentals of $214 per month.

Lot 15 and the Leasehold property next hereinafter mentioned have buildings consisting of several stores, numerous tenements and a Theatre upon them, and have returned an average rental of $6,920 per annum for the past 19 months.

Leasehold Property Situated in Victoria City.

20. Lots 584, 585, Corner of Government and Cormorant Sts., with Brick buildings occupied by Bow Yuen & Co., and others, on a favorable Lease.

Lots 600, 601, unimproved, corner of Government and Fisguard Streets.

These four Lots are leased for a term of 30 years from Mr. Oliver.

21. Lot 599 on Fisguard Street, with building thereon, is leased property from the Estate of J. P. Davies.

Particulars and Conditions of Sale may be had of the Auctioneer, or of Eberts & Taylor, Langley Street, Victoria, Solicitors; or of James Charles Prevost, the Receiver appointed herein.

GEO. BYRNES,
apr23 Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

I have received instructions from the owner to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at

BOTTON'S BOAT LANDING, JAMES BAY,

—ON—

Tuesday Next, the 17th Instant,

At 12 o'clock noon, the Sailing Yacht

"WINNIFRED"

which can be seen alongside the landing on the morning of Sale.

For particulars apply to the Auctioneer.

W. R. CLARKE,
my12 Auctioneer.

DRY GOODS.

Stand from Under.

Prices are Falling.

The Crash Tremendous

THOUSANDS ARE ANXIOUS TO PICK UP THE PIECES.

We are holding a 30 DAYS SALE of Dry Goods, Clothing, Fancy Goods and Children's Shoes.

THE PRICES WILL STARTLE YOU.

44 inch French Cashmere, worth 85c., for	50c.	per yard
30 pcs. Fancy Dress Goods, worth 25c., for	12½c.	"
Bleached Muslins, from	8c.	"
Unbleached " "	5c.	"
150 Dozen Towels, at	12½c.	each
200 Silk, Satin and Cotton Sun Shades, from	25c.	"

Men's and Boys' Clothing will be almost Given Away.
Children's Shoes at your Own Price.

Every purchaser of $1 worth of Goods or more will be allowed 10 per cent. off in Cash or Goods.

THE ABOVE OFFER HOLDS GOOD FOR 30 DAYS ONLY

At RUSSELL, McDONALD & CO'S

CHEAP VARIETY STORE,

MASONIC BUILDING, - - DOUGLAS STREET.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE.

RANDALL'S PATENT

Tenacious Lawn Tennis Shoes

—AT—

ERSKINE'S BOOT & SHOE EMPORIUM

CHANGE OF BUSINESS

Having Sold the Stock of Merchandise and Good Will of the Business, heretofore carried on by me, to Messrs.

ANGUS & GORDON

I hereby thank the public of Victoria, and customers through the country for the liberal patronage they favored me with and solicit a continuance of the same for my successors,

April 18th, 1887. A. OFNER.

Referring to the above, we beg to say that we will carry on the business in the same manner as our predecessor Mr. Ofner did, and will with an increased stock be enabled to give our customers entire satisfaction in every respect.

apr19 ANGUS & GORDON.

MILLER AND HUNTER

PRACTICAL TINNERS.

Having purchased the business lately carried on by COWAN, SHAW & CO., next the Colonist Office, desire to announce that they have on hand a large stock of

Heating and Cooking Stoves, Tinware, Ranges

AND KITCHEN FURNISHING GOODS.

All Classes of Jobbing Attended to Promptly and Cheaply.

my1-3m

THE BON MARCHE

Just Arrived a Large Assortment of LADIES' and GENTS'

Fine Boots and Shoes

Of the Best American Manufacture.

At the "BON MARCHE," Next the Colonist Building, Government Street.

apr22 J. H. BAKER.

CLOTHING, HATS, UMBRELLAS, HOSIERY

LOVES, SCARFS, ETC.

W. & J. WILSON.

LATEST STYLES JUST RECEIVED.

Government Street, - - Opposite Post Office.

SCOTCH HOUSE.

A. McLEAN & CO.

Beg to intimate that they are opening a very extensive and superior Stock of Summer Clothing, personally selected by A. McLean in the English and Scotch markets,

Consisting of Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, Etc.

These Goods were purchased for Cash, and are offered at unprecedented Low Prices that will satisfy all who may examine them.

SHIPS AND STEAMERS.

Barque "ENOS SOULE," from Hong Kong.

NEITHER CAPTAIN SOULE NOR THE undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above vessel. WELCH, RITHET & CO., Consignees of Vessel.
Victoria, B. C., 11th May, 1887. my12

C. P. N. Co., (Limited.)

STEAMER "MAUDE,"
CAPT. MEYER,
Will Leave for SKEENA RIVER Direct,
TUESDAY, MAY 17th,
At Six o'clock, P.M.
JNO. IRVING,
my14-3t Manager.

Steam to Alberni and Clayquot Sound.

STEAMER "WOODSIDE,"
Will Sail for above Ports
On or about Friday, 20th May,
From C. P. N. Co.'s Wharf.
For Freight or Passage,
Apply to CAPTAIN, on Board,
my14 Or, HENRY SAUNDERS.

FOR ALBERNI.

STEAMER HOPE
Will sail for the above Port
SHORTLY AFTER ARRIVAL from EAST COAST
For particulars enquire of
my12-tf WM. P. SAYWARD.

CONSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

BARK "ESCORT," CAPTAIN WATERhouse, from Hong Kong.
This vessel will commence to discharge cargo at Janion's Wharf, on Friday, 6th instant.
Consignees of cargo are requested to present bills of lading to the undersigned and receive delivery orders for their goods on payment of freight.
All goods remaining on the wharf after 5 p.m. each day will be at the risk of the owners thereof respectively, and may be stored at their expense. TAI SOONG & CO., Consignees of Vessel.
May 6th, 1887. my6-tf

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

BARQUE "ENOS SOULE," CAPTAIN J. F. Soule, from Hong Kong.
This vessel will discharge cargo at our wharf on Thursday, 12th instant, and following days.
Consignees of cargo are requested to present their Bills of Lading to the undersigned and receive delivery orders for their goods on payment of Freight.
All goods remaining on the wharf after 5 p.m. each day and while on the wharf will be at the risk of the owners thereof respectively, and may be stored at their expense.
WELCH, RITHET & CO., Consignees of Vessel.
11th May, 1887. my12

PACIFIC COAST S.S. CO.
DISPATCH A STEAMER
EVERY SATURDAY FOR SAN FRANCISCO,
Leaving the outer wharf at ONE o'clock, p.m.
May 14, - CITY OF CHESTER
Shippers must notify us when room for freigh is required.
WELCH, RITHET & CO., Agents
Wharf Street, Victoria, 13th December, 1886. de14

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

THE CLARENCE
Corner Yates and Douglas Streets,
VICTORIA, B. C.
FRANK G. RICHARDS, JR., - Lessee
TOURISTS' HEADQUARTERS; First-Class in every respect. New and Elegant in all its appointments. Prices moderate. oc14-1y

THE ESMOND HOTEL
FRONT AND MORRISON, PORTLAND.
On American or European Plan.
FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY APPOINTMENT. Centrally located; coaches to and from every steamer; the comfort of guests closely cared for; prices to suit: a fine restaurant in the building.
my13-tf THOS. GUINEAN, Prop.

MRS. CROWTHER'S
Private Board and Lodging House
Corner of Pandora Avenue and Quadra St.,
Board by the Meal, Day or Week.
mar1-6m

SCAVENGERS.

JULIUS WEST,
General Scavenger.
ORDERS MAY BE LEFT AT PORTER'S Market, Douglas St., cor. of Johnson.
se17-1yr

HENRY SMILOW,
GENERAL SCAVENGER
Yards and Cesspools Cleaned, Wells Dug and Cleaned. Contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with M. Wightman, corner Douglas and Forts streets, or Bossi & Giesselman Yates street, will be promptly attended to.
apr26-1y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE.

COTTAGE, OCCUPIED BY DR. JACKSON, Michigan Street, James Bay. Tenders received up to May 20th, addressed to W. Jackson, corner of Johnson and Broad St. my8-1w

FOR SALE.

20 ACRES OF LAND FIVE MILES FROM Victoria. Frame House, 32 x 24. Woodshed and Chicken House. Five acres under fence. Water frontage. Apply to
apr19-1m WALTER HINE, Gordon Head.

ALBERNI FARM.

FOR LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS, the improved Farm, situated at the mouth of the Somass River, Alberni. The farm comprises about 550 acres, about 100 of which have been under cultivation, and a large portion affords rich pasturage for Stock. There are large and convenient Barns and other buildings on the property.
The farm is well adapted for dairying on a large scale. For particulars apply to
MATTHEW T. JOHNSTON,
Agent for the Proprietors.
Wharf Street, April 21, 1887. apr22

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,
Real Estate Agents
PURCHASE, SELL AND LEASE PROperty, Collect Rents, make Loans on Mortgage and transact all business relating to
REAL ESTATE.
Maps, showing the various districts on the Island and Mainland, the situation of desirable City Lots, Homesteads, Gardening and Farm Lands, can be consulted at their office. fe14

Canadian Pacific
NAVIGATION
COMPANY, (LIMITED)

Time Table No. 6, Takes Effect March 20th, 1887

BURRARD INLET ROUTE

VICTORIA TO—
PORT MOODY AND VANCOUVER, Daily, except Monday at 2 o'clo
MOODYVILLE AND HASTINGS, Wednesday and Friday, at 2 o,cloc
PORT MOODY TO VICTORIA, Daily except Monday, at 12:30 o'clock.
VANCOUVER TO VICTORIA, Daily, except Monday at 12:30 o'clock

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

LEAVE VICTORIA—
FOR NEW WESTMINSTER, LADNER LANDING AND LULU ISLAND, Sunday, Wednesday and Friday 7 o clock.
PLUMPER PASS, Wednesday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER FOR VICTORIA, Monday at 13 o'clock, Thursda and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
FOR PLUMPER PASS, Thursday, at 7 o'clock.

FRASER RIVER ROUTE.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER—
FOR HOPE, CHILLIWHACK, SUMAS & WAY LANDINGS,
LEAVE HOPE FOR NEW WESTMINSTER AND WAY PLACES,
LEAVE CHILLIWHACK.

☞ Steamers leave by Standard Time, which is 15 minutes faster than Victoria time.

NOTICE—Freight left on wharf in Victoria 24 hours after arrival, will be stored at risk owners or consignees.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, Gen. Agent. JOHN IRVING Manage
March 17th. jy25

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway
WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.

Going North. READ DOWN. No. 2 PASSENGER DAILY.	STATIONS.	Going South READ UP. No. 1 PASSENGER DAILY.
De. 8.20 A.M.	RUSSELL'S, Vic. W	Ar. 4.40
" 8.30	ESQUIMALT	" 4.30
" 8.55	GOLDSTREAM	" 4.05
" 9.50	SHAWNIGAN LE	" 3.10
" 10.00	COBBLE HILL	" 3.00
" 10.15	McPHERSON'S	" 2.45
" 10.25	KOKSILAH	" 2.35
" 10.30	DUNCAN'S	" 2.30
" 10.40	SOMENOS	" 2.20
" 11.02	CHEMAINUS	" 1.58
Ar. 12.00	NANAIMO	De. 1.00

THE SPECIAL TRAIN FORMERLY RUNning on Saturdays, Sundays and Mondays is withdrawn.

Until further notice RETURN TICKETS GOOD FOR THREE DAYS will be issued daily between all stations for one and a-half ordinary fare.
H. K. PRIOR, Freight and Passenger Agt.
R. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Superintendent.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R.R. Express

ON AND AFTER MARCH 1ST, 1887, ALL Packages or Parcels for transportation over this Railway not exceeding 50 lbs. in weight nor measuring more than three cubic feet, will be received and receipted for at the Company's Office in Redfern's Block, on Government Street.
Money and valuable packages forwarded. Collections made, and a general Express business transacted. no

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

OUR NATIONAL HIGHWAY

Shortest, Quickest and in Every Respect the BEST ROUTE to

TORONTO, MONTREAL, OTTAWA, HAMILTON, HALIFAX, PORTLAND, NEW YORK, BOSTON, ST. PAUL AND CHICAGO.

DAILY SOLID THROUGH TRAINS
—FROM—
Vancouver to Montreal
☞ NO CHANGE OF CARS. ☜
Through Second Class Sleepers FREE OF CHARGE.

LOWEST RATES.

Remember our Scenery is without exception the Grandest in the world. You pass through an ever-changing Panorma of Mountains, Lakes Rivers, Canyons and Glaciers—Prairies—delighting every one who has travelled over the Canadian Pacific Railway.

☞ When Going East, Purchase Tickets by this Line.
☞ Mark and Consign your Freight via C. P. Railway. Lowest Rates. No Transfers.

For Tickets, Sleeping Car Berths, and all information, apply at office of

Canadian Pacific Navigation Co'y

whose Steamers make close daily connection with all through trains.

GEO. V. HEATHCOTE, Contracting Agent. D. R. MUNRO, Ticket Agent.
D. E. BROWN, District Freight and Passenger Agent.
fe23

LATE CANADIAN NEWS.

ONTARIO.

Laurier's motion for the repeal of the franchise act comes up Monday. A long and bitter fight will take place.

A deputation of Northwest members will wait upon the government asking that all appointments in Manitoba and the Northwest territories be made from residents, and will urge especially that Mr. Dewdney's successor be chosen from the people already living in the Northwest.

It is stated that all the halls in Ottawa have been engaged by those opposed to the mission of O'Brien on the evening he intends lecturing there.

The government will probably propose the sum of $100,000 as Canada's contribution to the imperial institute commemorative of the Queen's jubilee.

It is rumored that C. H. Mackintosh, of Ottawa, will succeed Governor Dewdney. The *Evening Journal* says that there is a widespread movement among conservatives in the city and parliament to secure the honor for him.

Two families named Potter and King, living on Papineau street, Ottawa, were evicted by sheriff's officers.

Just as the train reached within three miles of McKenzie, the crown sheet bursted, disabling the engine and dangerously scalding the engineer, David Smith, of Sherbrooke, Quebec.

Samuel Platt left an estate valued at two hundred thousand dollars. Eight shares of the stock of the Consumer's Gas Co., was left to each of the following charities: House of Industry, Girls' Home, Boys' Home, Home for Incurables and Protestant Orphan's Home.

A package containing $5,000 disappeared from the Express Company's custody between Ottawa and Carleton Place. The detectives are on the track of the robber.

John Bell, M. P., Addington, has been taken to the Toronto lunatic asylum. His disease is softening of the brain brought on by sickness. Bell has been in poor health for six months and it is thought that anxiety over the general election worried him.

QUEBEC.

A large number of striking bakers attacked the non-strikers at Montreal. One man named Guyon was fatally injured. They next proceeded to the house of a master baker named Trukel. They broke open the door and freightened Madame Trukel so badly that her life is despaired of. Trukel himself was rendered insensible from kicks and blows.

The village of Gatineau Point is flooded and the water is still rising.

It is understood Cardinal Taschereau received from Rome some important telegrams regarding the Jesuits' bill matter, but nothing definite can be learned as to their effect.

Judge Loranger gave judgment in the $500,000 action of R. A. & J. Stewart, of St. John, N. B., against the bank of British North America. The present action was instituted on the ground that the bank refused to honor two cheques which were presented to them by the plaintiffs while they had funds in the bank. The court adjudged that the offer of $200 as security was quite sufficient for the present and that the case be proceeded with on its merits.

The Montreal ministerial association passed a resolution condemning O'Brien's crusade, and declaring unflinching loyalty to the Queen and governor-general.

Correspondence between Cardinal Taschereau and Premier Mercier is published and shows that something very like a complete rupture has taken place.

The government will ask the assembly to grant a sum for the expenses of the interprovincial conference.

Senator Cormier, of Megantic, is dead.

A drowning disaster by which three persons, Loneway and his daughter and Fleury, employés in the Magog print works, lost their lives is reported from that village.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

The Restigouche nomination takes place on the 21st. Geo. Moffat, conservative, will succeed his brother.

The freshet on St. John river is now the greatest ever known. The loss to lumbermen is beyond estimation.

It is reported that Baird, of Queen's county, has resigned the seat.

NOVA SCOTIA.

The bulk of the estate of the late Chief Justice Young is left to his grand nephew who was one of the Halifax provisional battalion engaged in the Northwest.

BAPTISTS DROWNED.

Several Lives Lost in the Mississippi River.

NEW ORLEANS, May 8.—Several colored congregations of the Baptist churches in this city have long made it a practice to baptize their members in the Mississippi river at certain selected points, both in the upper and lower districts of the city. The swift current of the river has always made the custom more or less dangerous, but the chances of mishap have until to-day been thought to have been reduced to the minimum by the care exercised in selecting the places for the ceremonies where there were shallow waters. To-day, however, an accident happened at which seven lives are known to have been lost. The Mount Zion Baptist Church has been baptizing its converts at the foot of District street beside a large wharf which extends into the deep water. This morning the congregation gathered at that spot for the usual ceremonies. A large crowd assembled on the wharf, and in the midst of the exercises the railing surrounding it gave way and fully fifty people were precipitated into the river. Around the wharf were a number of skiffs and into them many of the people were thrown, overturning several boats and adding to the number struggling in the water. The occupants of those skiffs which floated set to work and rescued all of those who could be reached. As stated, however, seven are known to have been drowned, and it is believed that from five to eight more perished. Roselina Williams (colored) when she went into the water had a child in her arms. She struggled until she came to the surface and held the child up until one of the rescuing skiffs reached her and the infant was seized and taken on board, and then the mother sank and was carried away by the current. An unknown white woman was drowned under similar circumstances and the rescued baby is held by the police for identification. Many other people were injured, but none seriously.

Froze His Feet.

While out skating last winter, G. Varcoe, of Brandon, Man., got his feet badly frozen. He rubbed them with snow, and then applied Hagyard's Yellow Oil, which speedily cured them, and saved him from being a cripple. tu-thu-sat-dw

A Hamilton Item.

"My wife has been a sufferer from liver complaint for many years. I am glad to be able to testify to the benefit received from Burdock Blood Bitters, as well as in the case of my little boy, who had glandular swellings." J. S. Miller, 77 Victoria Ave, North, Hamilton, Ont. B. B. B. regulates the entire glandular system. tu-thu-sat-dw

A GENTLE WIFE'S VICTORY.

Above all qualities in the world for a wife is a spirit of gentleness. Gentleness: a gentle-spirited wife. I heard this incident once and it impressed me very much. Five gamblers sat gambling and the clock struck 12, and 1, and 2, and directly one of the gamblers spoke up and said: "Gentlemen, you can play on if you want to, but my precious wife is at home right now watching and waiting for me to come home. I have got the best wife in the world." "Well," said the others, "every man thinks that." "Well," said he, "my wife knows I am out gambling and who I am with, I expect, but she's so good that if I was to take you four men to the house right now and ring the doorbell, and she came to the door, and I was to tell her to go and cook supper for all you gamblers, she'd do it in a spirit of gentleness and with a smile on her face." "We don't believe it," they all exclaimed. "Well, you all come and see."

And he took the gamblers to his house, rang the doorbell, and his wife let them in immediately, and her husband introduced her to all the gamblers, and said: "Wife, we've been gambling until late and we want you to go and prepare supper for us." And wife replied: "Husband, the fire is out of the stove, and cook has gone home, but if you'll all be seated and patient I will get it as soon as I can," and with a smile on her face, she prepared the supper, called them in and waited on on the table with a smile on her face; and when they had finished the meal one of the old gamblers said: "Your husband told us before we came what you would do but we didn't believe him, and now I want to ask you a question: How can you be such a wife to such a husband?" And she said; "Gentlemen, I have prayed for that man for twenty years, that God would save his soul, but I have lost all hope that he will be saved. He is going to a world of torment, and I am going to make his life in this world as pleasant to him as I can." The gambler looked up and over at her husband and said: "Sir, how can you be such a husband to such a wife as that?" And the husband jumped up and said: "Gentlemen, hear me. My wife has won me to her Saviour to-night, and I have settled the question. I give myself to her God and her Christ to-night." And the incident goes on to relate that her husband afterward commenced preaching, and that he was the preacher that won those other four gamblers to Christ.

EIGHT NEVERS.

Never get in a rage.

Never disparage another by name in a letter.

Never say a word or write a line in a passion.

Never take physic until you have tried patience.

Never refuse to pay a debt when you have the money to do it with.

Never forget that of the word unsaid you are master, of the word spoken you are slave.

Never say what you would do under any given circumstances; you might do just the opposite.

Never find fault until you are as sure as you are of your existence that a fault has been committed.

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

Lot on First St., Work Estate, $325.00. Cheapest in market. RAND BROS., Fort Street.

$275.00 will buy a good Lot on Simcoe Street, James Bay. Apply to RAND BROS., Fort Street.

$1,200 for 2 lots on the corner of Blanchard and King's road. Now is the time to buy. See RAND BROS., Fort St.

160 acres near New Westminster for $10 per acre. Apply to RAND BROS.

$800.00 for 2 good Lots on Ellice Street. Apply to RAND BROS., Fort St.

$600.00 for corner and adjoining Lot on James Bay side. For sale by RAND BROS., Fort Street. *

PAINTS.

R. LETTICE,
DEALER IN
Paints, Oil, Varnishes, Brushes,
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL WINDOWGLASS, WALLPAPER, &C.,
Broad Street, Near Yates.
no23 1y

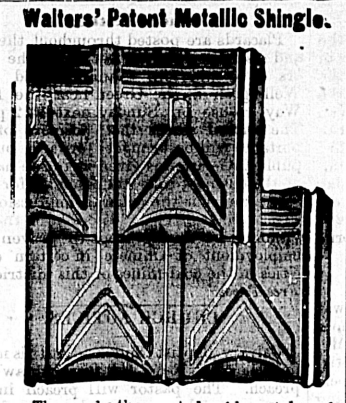
Cooper's Dipping Powder
Dissolves in Cold Water and should be used for Ticks, Fly, Scab and all other Sheep Dipping purposes.
We have now a Stock of this celebrated Powder and are prepared to supply it as required.
WELCH, RITHET & CO.,
Agents for British Columbia.
Victoria, B. C., 16th April, 1887. apr17-1m

Delta Stock Yard
LADNER'S LANDING.
NOTICE OF SALE OF
75 HEAD OF CATTLE
10 Work Horses, 4 Mares in foal, 1 Mare and foal, 4 Colts, and an assortment of
AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY,
including 2 Self Binders, 2 Wagons, Sets of Harness, &c.
Mr. H. N. Rich will include the above in his Sale by Auction at the Delta Stock Yard, on WEDNESDAY, JUNE 8th, 1887.
Further entries are solicited.
Ladner's Landing, May 12th, 1887.
mar27-dw-1m

THE STARR
KIDNEY PAD.
To Relieve the Suffering.
VICTORIA, Nov. 11th, 1886.
I hereby certify that after being troubled with pain in the small of my back during severa years, I applied one of the Starr Kidney Pad and was very shortly relieved.
JOHN C. McLEOD.
For sale by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine in British Columbia.
LANGLEY & COMP'Y,
Wholesale Agents,
VICTORIA, B. C.
Retail by E. PIMBURY & Co., Nanaimo; F. PICKARD, Denman Island; A. R. JOHNSTON & Co., Chemainus; R. B. RICHARDSON, Cowichan; A. M. HERRING, D. S. CURTIS & CO. } New Westminster. T. McNEELEY, Ladner's Landing; H. McDOWELL, Vancouver; VANCOUVER DRUG Co., Vancouver; W. E. McCARTNEY & BRO., Vancouver and Kamloops; CLARKE & Co., Kamloops; W. R. MEGAW, Priest Valley
e11 2p

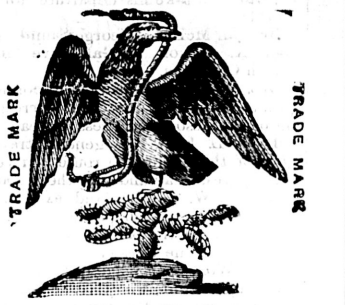
J. & A. BOSKOWITZ,
WHARF STREET,
Highest Cash Prices Paid for Furs and Deer Skins.

Walters' Patent Metallic Shingle.



They make the most durable metal roof known. They make the cheapest metal roof known. They are attractive in appearance. They lessen your insurance. They are one-third the weight of wood. They are one-ninth the weight of slate. They can be put on by ordinary workmen. A good roof is as important as a good foundation.
Send for circulars and references. Sole manufacturers in Canada,
McDONALD, KEMP & CO.,
Cor. River and Gerrard Sts., Toronto, Ont.
mar30-wed&sat-3m

THE CELEBRATED BAJA
CALIFORNIA BITTERS



ARE PURELY VEGETABLE MADE FROM FRESH DAMIANA LEAVES.
Damiana is a Mexican Herb
AND COMES FROM LA PAZ.
DAMIANA was first made and drank by the Mexicans as a Tonic for the Stomach and Bowels.
DAMIANA is acknowledged by those that have used it to be a Great Invigorator and Nervine.
DAMIANA acts directly upon the Kidneys making them strong.
DAMIANA cures Dyspepsia and gives Appetite.
For Sale by LANGLEY & CO., Druggists, and BOUCHERAT & CO. no23dw

NOTICES.

NOTICE.
MY WIFE HAVING LEFT MY BED AND Board I will not be responsible for any debt contracted by her without a written order. from me. ROBERT LAW.
New Westminster, May 8, 1887. Box 63.
my10

NOTICE.
HAVING LEASED MY PREMISES known as the Beaumont House, and general store, at Duncan's Station, Quamichan, on the E. & N. R'y, to Edward Adams and my son Charles Beaumont, I shall not be responsible for any debts they may have contracted from the 29th of March last. WM. BEAUMONT.
Maple Bay, May 2nd, 1887. my3-1m

NOTICE.
HAVING LEASED THE BEAUMONT House, Duncan's Station, E. & N. R. R., the undersigned will settle for all goods ordered by them since March 29th, 1887.
my3-1w ADAMS & BEAUMONT.

NOTICE.
Having Leased the Beaumont House
DUNCAN'S STATION, E. & N. R. R.
We are prepared to receive visitors, and having a large general stock of Goods on hand, will be enabled to fit out parties going to the Cowichan Lake.
my8-1w ADAMS & BEAUMONT.

NOTICE OF PARTNERSHIP.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ADMITTED as a full partner, from the 1st instant, MR. LOUIS GARCIA DUMBLETON. The style of the firm will henceforth be known as Hall, Goepel & Co. HALL & GOEPEL.
Victoria, B. C., April 26, 1886. apr27-1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

RARE CHANCE
For BARGAINS
VICTORIA CITY.
$800 House and Lot on the Work Estate.
$1200 House (hard finished) and Lot on Work Estate.
VANCOUVER.
$800 Lot on Hastings Street.
$1000 Corner Lot on Powell St.
$800 Lot on Westminster Ave.
CHILLIWHACK.
$2,500 for 315 ac. of good Land.
This Property must be SOLD AT ONCE.
RAND BROS.,
Real Estate Brokers, Fort Street. VICTORIA.
apr24-tf

SIMILKAMEEN.
To Miners, Tourists, Sportsmen and others, attention is drawn to the superior facility the undersigned has for
Supplying PROVISIONS, TOOLS, CAMPING OUTFITS, and PACK and SADDLE ANIMALS when Required.
J. A. FRASER, HOPE, B. C.,
Agent for C. P. N. Co. and Hudson's Bay Co.
my1-6m

DR. MACNAUGHTON JONES
—CORNER—
Government and Humboldt Street.
my8-1m

TO FARMERS.
THE UNDERSIGNED WISHES TO KNOW what Vegetables the farmers on the Island and Mainland can supply him with. He is working tooth and nail in opposition to the Chinese.
If farmers write I will answer immediately.
G. E. HAWES,
Glasgow Market,
apr24-1m Fort Street.

TENDERS.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.
THE UNDERSIGNED WILL RECEIVE Tenders up to Wednesday, 18th inst., at 4 p. m., for the erection of a Two story Frame Residence and Office, on south side of Fort St., near Douglas street.
Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
JOHN TEAGUE, Architect,
my11td Government Street.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.
TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned until SATURDAY, NOON 21st, for the erection of Story-and-half Frame, Cottage in Young street, James Bay. Plans and specifications can be seen at his office.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. EDWD. MALLANDAINE, Architect.
Victoria, 11th May, 1887. my14
[Times copy.]

BUSINESS CARDS.

CALGARY ALBERTA
T. EDE,
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c
Collections given prompt attention.
A few choice properties for Sale and Investments carefully made. fe18-6m

CELEBRATED
"GOLD SEAL"
FIVE YEAR OLD
RYE
In Cases and in Casks.
A. B. GRAY & CO.,
VICTORIA
no27 Sole Agents for B. C.

Wing Chong & Co.
Have just received a large Assortment of
Choice Foo Chow and Canton
TEA,
And will offer for Sale in quantities to suit at THE LOWEST RATES.
apr14 1m

—FRESH—
Fruits, Game and Vegetables
—AT—
R. BEAUCHAMP'S, YATES STREET.
jan12-4m

PIONEER STEAM
Coffee and Spice Mills
DECOSMOS BLOCK. Established 1875.
MANUFACTURE COFFEES, SPICES Mustards, and the Pioneer Baking Powder
STEMLER & EARLE, Props.
Orders from any part of the Dominion promptly filled. 1y

DALBY'S
Eureka Livery & Sale Stables
PANDORA ST., opp. Methodist Church.
Has on Hand Some of the Best Buggy and Saddle Horses
For Hire or for Sale, suitable for a lady or gentleman to ride or drive. Handsome Phaetons for Sale or Hire. TELEPHONE CALL No. 30.
apr16-1m

(ESTABLISHED 1858)
YORKSHIRE MARKET.
W. W. EVANS & CO.
Yates street, between Government and Broad Streets.
BEEF AND PORK PACKERS
Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Pure Lea Lard. Every class of goods pertaining to the business. no27 6m

DRS. HALL & HALL,
PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS & ACCOUCHEURS
Office: Theatre Block, Douglas St., Victoria.
J. L. HALL, M.D.C.M. Special attention given to Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Skin and Nervous Diseases.
F. W. HALL, M.D.C.M. Special attention given to Diseases of the Eye and Ear, and Diseases of Women and Children.
Open day and night. Consultation free.
no2-12m

ALBION
Marble Works
FORT STREET,
(NEAR BLANCHARD.)
HEADSTONES, TOMBS, TABLETS, &c.
At Reasonable Prices.
J. FISHER, Proprietor.
mar10-3mos

GEO. A. SARGISON,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Accountant and Agent
LANGLEY STREET.
OFFICE LATELY OCCUPIED BY J. ROLAND HETT.
ap7-tf

HYAMS, OPTICIAN,

207 FORT ST., BET. BROAD & DOUGLAS, VICTORIA
Spectacles and Eye Glasses to Suit all Sights.
de29

"Land Registry Ordinance, 1870."
Lot No. 912, in the City of Victoria.
A CERTIFICATE of INDEFEASIBLE TITLE to the above mentioned Lot will be issued to Luigi Malatesta, on the 11th day of June, 1887, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said Lot, or some part thereof.
CHAS. JAS. LEGGATT,
Land Registry Office, Registrar General.
9th March, 1887. mar10-3m

British Columbia Milling and Mining Co.
(LIMITED.)
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the British Columbia Milling and Mining Company (Limited), will be held at the Company's Office, in Victoria, B. C., on Monday, the 13th day of June, 1887, at half-past Eleven o'clock, a. m., to take into consideration the propriety of passing such amendments to the 13th and other sections of the Act of Incorporation and the Articles of Association as will enable the Company to take advantage of the Act of the Legislature of British Columbia, entitled "An Act to aid the development of Quartz Mines," No. 50, passed on the 5th April, 1887.
Shareholders who are unable to attend personally are requested to transmit their proxies to the undersigned.
By order of the Board of Directors.
GEO. A. SARGISON,
Secretary.
Dated the 21st April, 1887. my1-dw

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

NOTICE.
SITTINGS OF THE COUNTY COURT OF Cariboo will be held—
At Clinton, Friday, 13th May, 1887.
At Lillooet, Wednesday, 18th May, 1887.
At 150 Mile House, Tuesday, 28th June, 1887.
At Soda Creek, Thursday, 30th June, 1887.
At Quesnellemouth, Monday, 4th July, 1887.
At Richfield, Saturday, 9th July, 1887.
By Command,
JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
20th April, 1887. apr22-td

TABLE
Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer, for the Year 1887.
SPRING ASSIZES.
[On Vancouver Island.]
Victoria.....Monday.....16th May.
Nanaimo.....Tuesday.....7th June.
[On Mainland.]
New Westminster.Wednesday. 4th May.
Kamloops.....Monday.....6th June.
Clinton.....Monday.....13th June.
FALL ASSIZES.
[On Mainland.]
Richfield.....Monday.....12th September.
Clinton.....Wednesday.28th September.
Kamloops.....Monday.....3rd October.
Lytton.....Monday.....10th October.
New Westminster Wednesday. 9th November.
[On Vancouver Island.]
Victoria.....Monday.....28th November.
Nanaimo.....Tuesday.....6th December.
apr22-td

MONTREAL BUSINESS CARDS.

LIGHTBOUND, RALSTON & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers,
MONTREAL.
Teas, Sugars, Syrups & all Sundries
EVERY LINE A SPECIALTY.
Special attention to freight rates, &c., &c. Correspondence solicited. Samples mailed free.
mar27-6m

Paints, Oils and Varnish
THE BAYLIS MANUFACTURING CO. OF MONTREAL are second to none as manufacturers
Crown and Anchor Carriage Varnish,
Crown and Anchor White Lead.
Hard Oil Finish, Liquid Dryer, Furniture Varnishes, Raw and Boiled Oil, Gold Leaf, Paints of every description, Axle Grease and Painters and Printers materials generally.
PRINTING INK, Black and Colored, a Specialty
Write for Price List and Samples.
apr17-6m-dw

W. W. Lockerby. D. L. Lockerby. A. L. Lockerby
LOCKERBY BROS.,
TEA MERCHANTS
Importers and General Dealers in
Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Tobaccos & General Groceries
WHOLESALE.
Special attention given to Tea importations direct from China and Japan.
PLEASE APPLY FOR QUOTATIONS.
75 to 79 St. Peter & 51-53 St. Sacrament Sts.
MONTREAL.
apr27-6m-dw

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37 to 41 Recollet Street,
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Paint, Oil, Varnish and Color Manufacturers.
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PLATE GLASS, PLAIN & FANCY WINDOW GLASS
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IMPERIAL
FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Old Broad St., and 16 Pall Mall, London.
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FOR INSURING HOUSES AND OTHER Buildings, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in Port, Harbor or Dock, and the Cargoes of such ships; also, Ships building or repairing, Barges or other Vessels, on navigable rivers and canals, and Goods on board such vessels throughout Great Britain and Ireland, and in FOREIGN COUNTRIES, from loss or damage by fire.
Subscribed and Invested Capital—One Million Six Hundred Thousand Pounds.
RISKS ACCEPTED AT CURRENT RATES OF PREMIUM.
WELCH, RITHET & CO.
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THE CITY OF LONDON
FIRE INSURANCE CO.
OF LONDON, ENGLAND.
CAPITAL, - - - - - - $10,000,000
Losses paid without reference to Home Office.
Chairman—SIR HENRY E. KNIGHT.
L. C. PHILLIPS, General Manager.
SOUTH BRITISH AND NATIONAL FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE CO.
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Assets, $31,545,930.77
NICHOLLES & RENOUF,
Agents for British Columbia.
OFFICE—Burns & Co., Yates Street, near Government. fe11-1y

MONEY TO LOAN
ON MORTGAGE AT LOW RATES.
Town Lots and Farming Lands For Sale
ON EASY TERMS, BY
ALLSOP & MASON,
Estate Agents,
VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.
LONDON OFFICE—2 Gresham Buildings, Guildhall. mh18dw

DRY GOODS.

"The Soudan."
JUST RECEIVED
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF THE
CELEBRATED FRENCH KID GLOVES
4 Button, $1.00 per Pair | 6 Button, $1.25 per Pair
SHEARS & PAGE,
mar27-3m LONDON HOUSE.

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The Gutta Percha and Rubber M'fg Co'y
TRADE MARK.
OF TORONTO.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF CANADA
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
Vulcanized India Rubber Goods
With Increased Facilities and Enlarged Plant,
OUR AIM Shall be to Manufacture Goods of Superior Quality
SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF "Maltese Cross" Rubber Fire Hose, "Boker" Multiple Fabri Fire Hose, "Monarch" and "Red Strip" Rubber Belting. And the Largest Manufacturers in the world of Rubber Belting, Packing, Hose,—Rubber, Cotton and Linen Fire Hose,—Rubber Carriage Cloths &c.
Not Connected with any other Rubber Establishment in Canada
All Correspondence should be addressed to
The Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Company,
OFFICES & FACTORY---135 to 155 West Lodge Avenue, Parkdale, Toronto, Ont.
WORKS ALSO AT NEW YORK AND SAN FRANCISCO. jy7-tu-sat-1y

CLOTHING.

New Merchant Tailoring Establishment
W. MURPHY
Announces that he has started business in the C. P. R. TELEGRAPH BLOCK, Government Street, where a
Large and Well Assorted Stock of the LATEST PATTERNS will be Found
A SHARE OF PUBLIC PATRONAGE RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.
W. MURPHY, C. P. R. Telegraph Block, Victoria, B. C. my11-1m

HATTERS, B. Williams AND Co. CLOTHIERS
HAVE A FINE STOCK OF
Clothing and General Outfitting Goods
Which Should be Examined Before Purchasing Elsewhere.
THE PRICES WILL BE FOUND RIGHT.
REMEMBER THE PLACE.
JOHNSON STREET, Between Broad and Douglas.
ap29

SOAPS.

QUEEN'S JUBILEE SOAP is unsurpassed for PURITY.
QUEEN'S JUBILEE SOAP is unsurpassed for DURABILITY.
QUEEN'S JUBILEE SOAP is unsurpassed for ECONOMY.
QUEEN'S JUBILEE SOAP is most suitable for the Complexion
QUEEN'S JUBILEE SOAP is best for the HOUSEHOLD.
QUEEN'S JUBILEE SOAP is best for the TOILET.
QUEEN'S JUBILEE SOAP is best for the BATH.
QUEEN'S JUBILEE SOAP is only made by
PENDRAY & CO.

MEAT MARKET.

BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET.
VAN VOLKENBURGH & BRO.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL BUTCHERS & PACKERS,
Corner Government and Yates Streets, - VICTORIA, B. C.
no23 1y

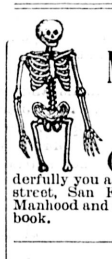
MISCELLANEOUS.

HAGYARD'S
"YELLOW OIL"
CURES RHEUMATISM.
FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS.
Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

PASTURE, at Reasonable Rates.
FOR PARTICULARS ENQUIRE AT THIS Office, or at North Dairy Farm.
my1-1m C. C. FOX.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. JORDAN'S
MUSEUM OF ANATOMY
1751 MARKET STREET,
San Francisco.



GO AND LEARN HOW TO avoid disease, and how wonderfully you are made. Private office, 211 Geary street, San Francisco. Consultation of Lost Manhood and all diseases of men. Send for book. mh6dwtf

SAMUEL MAY & CO'Y
Manufacturers.
B. C. AGENCY
Spencer's Arcade,
VICTORIA.
P. O. Box 543.
Billiard & Pool Tables
Steel —AND— MONARCH CUSHIONS
all kinds of
Billiard Material
In Stock at office of
H. G. & R. WALKER,
VICTORIA.
Ten Pin Alley Balls, Pins, &c. fe15-6m-dw

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, MAY 15TH, 1887.

SHIPPING.

ENTERED.

May 15.—Str. Geo. E. Starr, Pt. Townsend. Str. Yosemite, New Westminster.

CLEARED.

May 15.—Str. Geo. E. Starr, Pt. Townsend. Str. Yosemite, New Westminster.

PASSENGERS.

Per str. GEO. E. STARR from Port Townsend—Miss McDonald, Miss Glassey, C L Smith, E H Palmer, Lewis Morrison, Dean, G LaPrince, M Rotschild, J C Barnes, J Ross, G Barker and wife, Miss Slisan, E J Fragler, Mrs Wagner and 2 children, Carr, J Rolland, P Haley, J Ayer, F Carter, W W Evans, Mitchell, Bernhardt, H L Hall, Wilson, J Waugh, Lewis Morrison Co of 12 people, Markham, Crossling, W H Winten, Halfield, Meigs and wife.

Per str YOSEMITE from New Westminster—Mr and Mrs Megaw, Chas Wilson, W Gardiner, Ecrole, Jos Lee, Whittle, A McLean, F Wades, N P Strombug, D McCarety, Graham.

CONSIGNEES.

Per str. YOSEMITE from New Westminster—A B Gray & Co, D Spencer, T D & B, G Morrison, H A Chiles, J P Walls, Kwong On Tai, Lenz & Leiser, Marvin & T, Miss D Vinetti, Order J A T C & Co, Rev A J Hall, T Earle, W R Megaw, Brown Bros, S Leiser, Mrs W H Bone, J & A Bescowitz, Hy Saunders, H G Walker, Dom Exp Co, J Phoenix, G Tollick, R Beauchamp, W H Adams, J T Papst, C F Finlayson, R G Porter, N & Renouf, W Gardiner & Co, S Gray, Goodwin & Jordan, Geo Vienna, H Short, W G Stephenson, E G Prior.

Per str. GEO. E. STARR from Port Townsend—J Wilson, W A McIntosh, J Parker, Van Volkenburg.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

AT THE OCCIDENTAL—J Swensky, A Rogers, H Phipps, J Alloway and family, Cobble Hill; J Ryan, Donald; G Sinclair, H Grant, Vancouver; T Howard, J Hopper, C Harris, J Spencer, Nova Scotia; C Smith, San Francisco; T. Pearson, Skeena.

AT THE CLARENCE—Mrs B H Wilson, Mrs Ridley, Vancouver; B C Foster, Fredericton; H A Ward, Rochester, N Y; J H Price, Tacoma; A Whittle, London, Eng; J Beston, Morrison Co.

DEATHS.

LOHSE—On Saturday, 14th instant, William Lohse, a native of Holstein, Germany, from aneurism of the heart, in the 52nd year of his age.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday afternoon from his late residence, Bank Exchange building, Yates street, at 2 o'clock, and from Christ Church Cathedral at 2:45. (*Standard* and *Times* please copy.)

Cassel's Child's Bible with 200 original illustrations at ROBT. JAMIESON'S. *

CALL and have a talk with FISHER, the ARCHITECT, before you order plans *

A LARGE line of new Jappaned and brass bird cages at John Weiler's. *6m

Tennis Rackets, Balls, Bat Cases, Nets, Marking Pins, etc., all F. H. Ayres goods, at JAMIESON'S. *

Jubilee Text Packets, Jubilee Birthday Cards, Jubilee Inkstands at T. N. Hibben & Co.'s. *

ROBT. JAMIESON, bookseller and stationer, and dealer in Artists' Material, Government street, Victoria, B. C.

THE highest cash prices paid for ladies and gent's new and cast-off clothing. Note—Address, S. Cooness, corner of Broad and Fort Streets. *tf

A LARGE stock of new style Carpets, Hearth Rugs and artistic Wallpapers just received at JOHN WEILER'S. Call at once and get first choice. †

Orders received by T. N. Hibben & Co. for life size crayon drawings taken either from photograph or life, by the celebrated Japanese artist, S. Nomura. *

T. THOMPSON, practical gun-maker, has removed to 37 Johnson street. Guns, pistols, sporting material, etc. All kinds of repairing done and warranted. 1m

The following new novels just received by T. N. Hibben & Co.: Why Not! A Broken Wedding Rink; A Struggle for a Ring; Hilary's Folly; A Poor Gentleman. *

Stoves! Stoves!

Now is your time to buy a cheap and good stove, just arrived at Geo. Phillips' stove store, DeCosmos block, Government street. *d&w1m

Sale of Horses.

The sale of Sir C. W. Strickland's horses will be at York, England, on the 5th of August. w1t

Arrived from England.

An elegant line of ladies and gentlemens Lawn Tennis Shoes at Erskine's Boot & Shoe Emporium, corner Government and Johnson streets. 6t*

The root of all evil, Capt. Norton's Diary; The girls of Feversham and my sister, the Actress, by Florence Marryat; Garrison Gossip, by J. S. Winter; Well Wifie, by Rosa Nouchette Carey; The Woodlanders, by Thos. Hardy, for sale at JAMIESON'S. *

Spencer's Arcade.

Ladies requiring Jerseys will find a very large assortment of all sizes and new styles, about 500 in all, at Spencer's Arcade; also new dress muslins of the latest designs.

One hundred dozen of mens' and boys' straw hats. New shapes from 25 cents each to $2, will be sold at special prices to clear before the 24th of May. Just arrived, gents' silk ties and scarfs for summer wear. *

What is It?

That produces that beautiful soft complexion and leaves no traces of its application or injurious affects? The answer, Wisdom's Robertine accomplishes all this, and is pronounced by ladies of taste and refinement to be the most delightful toilet article ever produced. Warranted harmless and matchless. D. E. Campbell, agent, corner Fort and Douglas streets, Victoira. *

New and Second-Hand

CLOTHING BOUGHT AND SOLD.—Highest cash price paid for *Superfluous and Cast-off Garments, Blankets and Overcoats.* TRAVELERS having a superfluity of clothing can sell them for cash to

N. POINTER, Johnson st., near Broad.*

The new Beaver Trimmings,
The New Braid Panels and Dress Sets,
The New Braided Plush Trimmings,
The New Silk Braid Ruches,
New Trimmings for Mantles and Dresses in all the latest styles at the
CITY HOUSE.

Works of Art.

Call and see the extensive stock of fine mouldings, latest patterns. Steel engravings, and all latest pictures. Mounting pictures in all styles. Fine furniture a specialty. Jos. SOMMERS, Government street, three doors below the new bank. *

GO

NEXT DOOR TO THE POST OFFICE FOR

Winsor & Newton's Artists Oil Colors.
" " " " Water Colors.
Brass Plaques, all sizes, for Painting.
Terraline " " "
Bird's Eye Maple Plaques for Painting.

Novelties in Laquered Ware, Papier Mache, Maple and Satin.
Terraline Vases, a new Lot.
B. C. STATIONERY & PRINTING CO.

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL.

New Barracks.

A new item of $10,000 appears in the estimates for barracks in British Columbia.

Demand for Lumber.

Winnipeg *Sun*:—There is considerable demand in the city for British Columbia lumber.

C. P. R. Purchase.

The Canadian Pacific is about to purchase the steamship Titania for Pacific steamship service.

Won't Get It.

The report of a wholesale creation of knights in honor of the jubilee year is emphatically denied.

What Does It Mean?

An Ottawa dispatch says: An act to incorporate Alberta and British Columbia has passed the second reading.

To Join the Union.

The opinion is expressed by a cabinet minister that Newfoundland will shortly be admitted into confederation.

Handsome Furniture.

See John Weiler's new advertisement in another column, and do not fail to visit his establishment and inspect the new goods.

Confirmation.

The Right Rev. Lord Bishop of Columbia will administer confirmation to several candidates this afternoon at Christ Church Cathedral.

To Buy Horses.

Col. Golden will visit Calgary, Macleod and British Columbia at the end of June, for the purpose of buying horses for the British army.

Tariff Corrections.

Cigars and cigarettes read $2 per lb. and 25%; costing less than $50, $10 each and 20%; $50 and less than $100, $15 each and 20%; $100 and over 35%.

House Adjournment.

In the house the motion by Sir John carried, that when the house adjourned on Wednesday, 18th, it stands adjourned until the following Wednesday.

Buried.

Wm. French, brakeman, recently from Vancouver, who was killed on the Wellington extension of the E. & N. Railway on Friday afternoon was buried yesterday.

A Vicious Youngster.

Walter Barry, a young lad, threw some lime in the face of a little girl named Louise Barnswell. A warrant was applied for his arrest and Officer Hoosen locked him up.

Wimbledon Team.

It is understood to be definitely settled that Lt.-Col. Ouimet will command the Wimbledon rifle team and that Capt. J. T. Hart, of the St. John rifle company, will be adjutant.

Suspended.

Pilot Dan Morrison, who was in charge of the steamship Mexico when she stranded on Belle Chain Reef has been suspended by the Nanaimo pilotage authority for a period of 12 months.

Lacrosse Match.

The Vancouver lacrosse team has been invited to play the Victorians on Beacon Hill on one of the days set apart for the celebration of her majesty's jubilee. It is thought the Vancouvers will accept.

A Pioneer Dead.

Mr. S. M. Walker, who formerly had a lumber mill at Hope, died on May 4th at Nine Mile Creek, Similkameen. He was a native of England and had been in this country upwards of twenty years. He was much respected and very popular.

Lost His Pig-Tail.

A sportive youth, a little the worse for tangle-foot, amused himself on the down trip of the steamer Princess Louise on Friday night by cutting off a Chinaman's pigtail. As he left the city yesterday nothing was done in the matter.

Outgoing Passengers.

Passengers per steamship City of Chester for San Francisco: Mrs. McGregor, Mrs. Sweet, J. D. Carscaden, T. Harper, E. B. Borill, G. D. McVicar, Rev. D. M. Gordon, J. Baughman, L. P. Coster, J. G. Allan, M. E. A. McKechnie, L. S. Denyes and wife, W. H. Quinn.

Savings Banks Deposits.

The following is a statement of the balances at credit of depositors in government savings banks in British Columbia on March 31, 1887:

Victoria	$1,566,661.60
New Westminster	289,717.12
Nanaimo	252,030.50

A New Steamer.

The new steam boat which was built in the State ship-yard by Messrs. J. Clark and Pratt, is now ready for launching. Her dimensions are as follows: Length 46 feet, breadth 9x9, depth 4x8. She is built on beautiful lines and will be used in connection with a cannery on the Faser river.

Gone Across the Seas.

Dong Gong, one of the defendants in the conspiracy case now occupying the attention of the police court, it has transpired has really skipped his bail, having gone over to Port Townsend on the steamer Friday morning. His bondsmen will do their utmost to get him back, as in the event of his staying away the sum of $1,000, which they deposited in court, will be forfeited.

Piano Manufacture.

A piece of delicate workmanship may be seen in the show window of Goodwin & Jordan, piano makers, Fort street. It is technically called a 'strung piano back,' consisting of the heavy wood bracing, sounding board, iron plate and strings ready to be fitted to the case or cabinet work. The estimated tension of the strings (they being already tuned) is twelve tons. This work is wholly executed in Victoria, and is another step in the right direction. "Manufacture build cities," and if the public will patronize our at present few home industries, others will soon spring up among us, and so keep more of our money at home and our artizans employed.

McNamee's Claim.

The following petition was read and received in the commons:

Of Messrs. F. B. McNamee & Company, of the city and district of Montreal, contractors, praying the house to investigate their claims to an alleged balance due them on account of their contract for the construction and maintenance of a graving dock, in Esquimalt harbor, British Columbia, and to render them justice in regard thereto.

Mr. Shakespeare has given notice of the following motion: Special committee to examine into and report upon the claim of Francis B. McNamee, Anthony Gilbert Nish and James Wright as set forth in their petition received by this house on May 6th, 1887, with power to send for persons, papers and records.

Ice Cream.

The Chicago candy store have fitted up handsome parlors, and will commence the sale of ice cream and iced drinks on Monday. None but the purest and best article furnished. Our candies are acknowledged to be the finest manufactured. Government street below Bank of B. C.

Foot Race.

Says the Tacoma *Ledger:* Lewis Fahl, of British Columbia, and Dave Wallace, of this city, ran a foot race at New Market hall Wednesday night, the former winning. Another race occurred there last night between Fahl and William Northover, of Muck. Fahl won.

Battalion Drill.

The three batteries of artillery together with the rifle company will parade at the drill shed at 8 o'clock to-morrow evening for the purpose of having battalion drill. As this drill is preparatory to taking part in the sham fight on jubilee day it is absolutely necessary that every man be in his place at eight sharp. A short time only is available in which to perfect the different batteries in their drill and no member can afford to absent himself for even a single parade.

The Jubilee Address.

The handsome illuminated address to be presented to Queen Victoria was yesterday placed in the widow of Jamieson's stationery store and was highly commented upon by all. It is truly an artistic piece of work, and there is little conception of the amount of work spent upon it. It is illuminated on skin parchment, the greasy nature of which rendered it very difficult to get the colors to take hold. Mr. T. Tiedemann may well feel satisfied with the success of his effort.

Incoming Passengers.

Following passengers are on board the Elder for this port from San Francisco: W B Ollitt, Thos Parker, W S Sloan, Mr Cummings and sister, Mrs Richards, Fred Sutton, E W Resdingin, H J Hartmell, Mrs J Harding, Miss Ernstine Bell, Rev D H Reed, A Adal, C N Westwood, O C Bornster, C C Smith, R Lingard, Mrs Cuvereau, W H Cummings and wife, S B Fisher, G Harrison, O H Findlay, Mrs Carne. Mrs Muirhead, John Nelmania, Mrs Lubbe, Mrs Russell, F Norton, H Walters, W Reed, J Goetz.

The Lien Act.

Johnston *et. al. vs.* Robelee, Norris and Yates—The court made a final direction yesterday morning in this matter, giving the several lien holders who had followed the lien act and were within its provisions their *pro rata* division of the balance of the monies in court, after deducting the costs incidental to the proceedings. The whole matter was disposed of, and now it is left in the Registrar's hands. Messrs. Drake & Co. for plaintiff; Mr. Bodwell for defendants, and Mr. Fell for some of the lien holders.

Football Match.

Fully a thousand people congregated at Beacon Hill yesterday afternoon to witness the cricket match, the first football match of the season and hear the beautiful strains of music furnished by the excellent band of H. M. S. Triumph. The weather was all that could be desired and just comfortably warm. Of the game very little can be said, as the Victorians had it all their own way from beginning to end. No doubt when the fleet's team has had the advantage of a little practice they will give our boys a hard tussle.

Granite Creek.

We learn from Mr. A. M. Nelson, says the *Guardian*, that there are about eighty white men and one hundred and fifty Chinese on the creek. There are three claims paying about wages. The Mainland claim is being pushed forward and great hopes are entertained of the result. Provisions are scarce and prices fair. Mr. Nelson came down in three days and will return soon with a full cargo, comprising everything required by the miners. Mr. Tunstall, the gold commissioner, was at Nicola. He has exerted himself in keeping the trails in good order, and has been quite successful.

Why the Collision Occurred.

In the case of the sinking of the scows in the harbor on the night of the 12th, Captain White, of the Princess Louise, states the light was not exhibited on the scow in the manner provided by law. Instead of being visible on all sides, it could only be seen from the land side. The steamer passed the buoys all clear, and the leading lights were in range. There was no warning that the scow had been removed from its usual mooring, and it was not seen until it was too late to stop the steamer in time to avoid collision. Had the light been visible no mishap would have occurred.

Prisoners Committed for Trial.

The following is a calendar of prisoners confined in Victoria gaol, committed for trial at the ensuing assizes:

Edward Mathers, Metlakahtla Indian, assault and robbery.

Frederick Riley, Metlakahtla Indian, assault and robbery.

Adolphus Calvert, Metlakahtla Indian, assault and robbery.

Moses Baines, Metlakahtla Indian, assault and robbery.

Chin Ah Sing, Chinese, assault and robbery.

Neil McKinnon, breaking into a store.

Richard Glenn, shooting with intent.

Wm. A. Hutson, stealing a boat.

Wm. Seitz, obtaining goods under false pretenses.

Malcolm J. McDonald, shooting with intent.

Hoe How, a Chinaman, obtaining money under false pretenses.

Wing Ah Chue, arson.

Police Court.

Wm. McLarry, charged with being drunk. The prisoner apparently had some difficulty in hearing.

His Honor—Mr. McLarry, do you plead guilty to being drunk?

Prisoner—I don't hear what you say—(*hic.*)

His Honor—Mr. Robb, can you make this man hear?

Mr. Robb (to prisoner)—Do you plead guilty or not to being drunk on the streets?

Prisoner (in a loud voice)—I dont hear what you say.

Mr. Robb (in a low tone and walking towards the bench)—The prisoner can hear very well, your honor, if he wants to.

Prisoner—No, your honor, I can't hear at all. (Laughter.)

His honor fined this notorious fibber $5, with the remark that it ought to be $10.

Thos. Dixon, charged with desertion from the ship Enos Soule. The prisoner was sentenced to one month's imprisonment with hard labor on the understanding that Captain Soule pay all expenses and take the fellow when the vessel leaves this port.

Wong Fow, Shop Moi and Dong Gong, charged with conspiracy. This case was adjourned until Wednesday next. Dong Gong did not appear, and it is rumored he has gone over the Sound. His bail was not estreated, to give his bondsmen an opportunity of bringing him into court.

The First Train.

Advice has been received, says the *News-Advertiser*, at the C. P. R. offices in this city that the official entrance of the first passenger train will take place on the 23rd inst. It is stated that Mr. Van Horne, Mr. Abbott and a large number of railway dignitaries will be present. The official party will leave Montreal on Sunday and will reach Vancouver on Monday the 23rd. It is supposed that a great number of questions of vital importance to this city will be settled by Mr. Van Horne during his visit.

Temperance Meeting.

A conference temperance meeting was held last evening in the Sunday school room of the Methodist church, Rev. Mr. Robson, of Nanaimo, in the chair. Stirring addresses in support of the temperance cause were made by several visiting ministers who were well received. W.H. Pierce the newly elected native preacher made an earnest appeal to those present to help the workers. As he truly stated the other night, people wonder how he, who has had such poor advantages for a religious education, has such a flow of language, which he invariably puts to good use. Mr. Pierce will probably be sent among the northern Indians, where it is thought he will do good work.

A Short Engagement.

Mr. Morrison has decided to remain in Victoria but two nights and possibly three. His success was so great in Seattle that he has been offered a profitable engagement at Tacoma for Thursday night, which, under the circumstances, he cannot readily refuse. As before stated, "Faust" will be produced Monday evening, "A Celebrated Case" on Tuesday, and if the company remain, the comedy-drama "Not Guilty," will be produced Wednesday. The ushers, who were present last night, have kindly volunteered their services for to-morrow evening's performance. Boxes have been placed at the disposal of several officers of H. M. fleet, who will attend.

From the Sealing Ground.

The schooner Favorite, Capt. Spring, arrived in the harbor yesterday from the west coast, having on board 300 seals. Capt. Spring's schooner Kate, two weeks ago, had 240 skins, but by this time has probably largely increased this. The Favorite reports that the hull of the St. Stephen was washed ashore at Clayoquot Sound about two weeks ago. A sealing boat without name was also washed up on the beach at Clayoquot. There was a report that a number of dead bodies, canoes and spears were washed ashore south of Cape Flattery some weeks ago. The impression is that these belong to the schooner Active, and that nothing more will be heard of her crew. Although the Favorite was in the midst of the rough weather she did not lose a rope and the little vessel throughout braved the seas like a duck.

Conference Services.

Following are the arrangements made for to-day's services in connection with the Wesleyan conference:

PANDORA STREET.

9 a. m.—Prayer Meeting; R. B. Hemlaw; 9:30 a. m.—Love Feast, C. Bryant; 11 a. m.—Sermon and Ordination; Gen. Superintendent and President of Conference; 2:30 p. m.—S. S. Service; J. A. Wood, W. H. Pierce and Lay Delegate; 7 p. m.—Sermon; C. Watson; Sacrament of Lord's Supper; W. Pollard.

GORGE ROAD.

11 a. m.—Sermon, J. P. Bowell; 2:30 p. m.—S. S. Service, R. B. Hemlaw, G. F. Hopkins and Lay Delegate.

INDIAN MISSION.

2:30 p. m.—W. H. Pierce, A. Cushan; 7 p. m.—C. M. Tate.

CHINESE MISSION.

7 p. m.—E. Robson.

Y. M. C. A.

Association Room—Jos. Hall; Gaol—Jas. Calvert; Hospital—D. Jennings; Open air Service, T. Crosby.

Blue Ribbon Club.

Temperance hall was crowded last evening with a large and appreciative audience. President S. Gray occupied the chair and opened the meeting with an impressive prayer. Vice-President H. Rudge spoke feelingly on the traffic in intoxicating liquor. Mr. S. W. Gray's solo "Down by the River Side," received loud applause. Mr. Tucker, of H. M. S. Triumph, recited "Crazy Kate," a very touching piece, which was well received. The president sanp "Three Acres and a Cow;" the solo brought down the house. A duet by Miss Dobbs and Mr. Dobbs entitled "Good Night," received a well-deserved *encore*, in response to which the lady and gentleman favored the audience with another fine duet. Miss Fisher's solo "Far Away," captivated the audience and received an *encore*, which was well deserved. Four young ladies, Miss Jennie and Nellie Rudge, Miss Copeland and Miss Whiteman, gave a nice dialogue. During the evening Miss Hendricks played the accompaniments in a very efficient manner. The Blue Ribbon band played several fine selections during the evening.

Faust.

Mr. Lewis Morrison and his dramatic company closed their brief engagement at the Gillis Opera House last night with a presentation of Faust. The play is supposed to follow closely the version of the best translation, The Faust of Goethe is too metaphysical and too allegorical to make it easy work for an ordinary combination. When taken in hand by Henry Irving in his own theatre, where he can command the aid of museum, electricity and every possible scenic delusion, it is feasible to convert the drama into a great medieval pageant. "Faust" is conducted by Mephistopheles" to the summit of the Hartz mountains—the Brocken—and there is supposed to behold the revels of the lost spirits, and to be shown at last his own work, "Marguerite," wandering in space. As the two stand together, the devil reviews the evils of life and the poem takes the form of an allegory. This Brocken scene has become famous in London, and has called to its aid every possible scenic contrivance. Last evening it was worthy of Mr. Morrison's keen ability. The stage setting was all right and the congregation of "witches, wizards, demons, ghosts, nondescripts and fiends" was remarkably weird. Other scenes were beautifully set, especially "The Square of Fountains, Nuremberg," and "The Garden of Marguerite," It is seldom that any company travels with such handsome sets. Mr. Morrison makes "Mephistopheles" more like the devil of Goethe than is usually depicted by opera singers. That is, he carries with him less of his hoofs and horns and more of his interference with the affairs of men. There were some scenes last night worthy of special mention the one involving the students in the plaza of Nuremberg and the tableau of "Valentine's" death, closing act third in the Square of the Fountains, Nuremberg.—*Kansas City Journal.*

The Morrison Standard company arrived here on the Geo. E. Starr yesterday afternoon and will appear in Faust to-morrow evening at The Victoria. Comment on our part as to the play would probably be out of the way, but the manner in which the entire eastern press has handled Mr. Morrison and the acting of his company is an endorsement which will no doubt bring them crowded houses during their short stay in this city.

Miners' Meeting.

Placards are posted throughout the city and district calling a meeting of the miners of Wellington, Nanaimo and East Wellington at the Green near the Half-Way House on Sunday next at 2 p. m. The placard states that business of importance will be brought forward, but no public intimation is given as to the nature of the business that will come up for consideration, but the general impression is that the matter to be discussed is the advisability of taking steps to prevent the employment of Chinese in certain capacities in the coal mines of this district.—*Free Press.*

CHURCH NOTICES.

Calvary Baptist Church.—At this morning's service Rev. R. B. Hemlaw will preach. The pastor will preach in the evening. Subject: "Belshazzar's doom, or weighed and found wanting."

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Lubbe is on the Elder for this city.

Chas Wilson returned from the mainland yesterday afternoon.

J. D. Carscaden, of Winnipeg, left for San Francisco yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Megan, of Kamloops, arrived on the Yosemite yesterday.

W. E. Brooks and family, of Milton, Ont., will remove to this province.

G. T. Newton, of Grand Harbor, N. B., will soon take his departure for this province.

Norman McLeod, George Saunders and John A. Wilson, of Galt, have left for British Columbia.

Geo. Wallace, for many years connected with the Montreal *Star*, and correspondent of the Associated Press, is dead.

Harry L. Hall, the general traveling agent of the Burlington route, arrived in the city yesterday and is at the Driard.

Rev. D. W. Gordon and ex-Ald. McVicar, who have been guests of Mr. Ben Gordon during the past week, left for San Francisco on the Chester.

J. F. Wolf, special agent dominion customs department, who arrived here from San Francisco on Monday last, and who has since been making a visit to the mainland, returned to this city yesterday.

E. C. Baker, M. P., entertained a number of the defeated candidates and other friends to dinner in the house of commons restaurant one evening recently. Among the defeated candidates present were Messrs. McMaster, Barker, MacKintosh, Cameron (Victoria), Kinney, McMurrich, Paint and Allison. A very pleasant evening was spent.

Lieut. R. J. Symonds, of H. M. S. Conquest, left this morning for a brief visit to his old home and friends in New Brunswick. Mr. Symonds' family is of the oldest of his native province, and has always been distinguished for its ability and loyalty. He is himself a conspicuous officer of his noble profession, while his brother, Dr. Charters Symonds, of London, Eng., is fast taking a foremost place in his profession even in that great city, both as a practitioner and writer upon medical subjects. We trust that upon his return his many friends will have the pleasure of welcoming Commander Symonds.

MARINE.

(Specially compiled for THE COLONIST.)

Bark Alden Besse, O'Brien, has been laid up at Tacoma.

Brig Pioneer has arrived at Port Discovery from Astoria.

Steamship City of Chester sailed for San Francisco at 1 o'clock p. m. yesterday.

The Chester took on board about 200 tons of freight for San Francisco at Port Townsend.

Chilian bark Pacifico, Captain Wilson, has sailed from Chili for Puget Sound, consigned to R. W. DeLion & Co.

The bark D. C. Murray, Captain Kale, has finished loading 340,000 feet of lumber at Hadlock for Oakland wharf.

British bark Swansea Castle, Runciman, is in Townsend harbor with a cargo of 412,000 feet of lumber for Valparaiso.

It was rumored last night that the bark Riverside would go to Burrard Inlet today, where she will load lumber for Southern California.

The Pilot towed the Don Carlos to the Royal Roads last evening, lumber laden, for Sandwich islands. She will be towed to sea tonight.

The steam launch Cosmos left Townsend yesterday and arrived here, where she will remain until the United States government steamer Patterson arrives, when both will proceed to Departure bay and load coal as fuel, and thence to Southern Alaska.

For the week ending Saturday, April 23, there were 29 wrecks, an increase of 11 over previous week, and the less of lives rose to 17. Of the United Kingdom five vessels went down, of which three (British), went down by collision. Total wrecks for present year, 504.

British bark Jesse Stow, Captain Hunter, which sailed from this port on October 26th for Liverpool, has arrived at its destination, making the following report: "Passed Cape Horn January 17; crossed equator March 6; had light northerly wind and fine weather off Cape Horn. In South Atlantic had southeast trades far to the northward, and had to tack off coast of Brazil. Spoke Knight of St. Michael, from San Francisco for Cork, Dec. 1, 2° 13' W., 121° 20' W. Port Jackson, Sydney for London, April 19, 49° 18' N., 15° 2' W."

ON THE WAR PATH.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—There seems to be some doubt in the mind of Field, Indian agent at Fort Belknap, of the ability of troops at Fort Assiniboine to protect themselves from expected depredations of Canadian Bloods. He telegraphed to Washington, asking that ammunition be issued to the Gros Ventres and Assinboines to protect themselves from the Bloods, whom they expect every day. Acting Commissioner Hawkins replied, that the agent must satisfy the Indian office of the inability of the U. S. to protect the Indians before his request could be granted.

LARGE SEIZURE OF OPIUM.

San Francisco Customs Secures $60,000 Worth of Opium.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 13.—Customs officers to-day seized 115 cases marked "nut oil," on the steamer Rio Janeiro, which arrived from China on Wednesday. The cases upon being opened were found to contain hermetically sealed cans of opium, placed in nut oil. It is stated that the treasury agents at Hongkong were cognizant that opium would be sent by the Rio Janeiro, and the collector was apprized by telegraph. Early this morning, by means of a large tempered steel probe, various packages, boxes and caskets of a large consignment of freight were searched through by customs officers and the result of the investigation was the seizure of several piles of goods which, by order of the deputy collector, were hauled to the seizure room in the appraisers building. The haul comprised about twenty tons of three hundred cases of merchandise and made three truck loads. It is now estimated that the seizure is worth $60,000, the largest ever made on the coast.

FURNITURE.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED BY

JOHN WEILER,
VICTORIA. B. C.

Bed Room Suites (45 Styles), Carpets, Brussels, Tapestry, Moquette, Velvet (200 pieces), Turkey Rugs, Fine assortment, all sizes.

Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Toilet Sets, Wall Paper, new and æsthetic designs, Furniture of every Description. The finest and largest assortment of Crockery, Glassware, Cutlery and House Furnishing Goods in British Columbia.

Bird Cages in great variety; Window Shades, plain, decorated and striped; Window Poles in Wood, Brass and Plush; a large line Linoleum, new patterns, from 3-4ths to 4 yards wide.

All kinds of OFFICE and ORNAMENTAL WOOD WORK made to order by the latest improved machinery

Salesroom: Fell's Block, Fort Street. Factory: Humboldt Street.
my 15 6 m

FANCY GOODS.

LONDON BAZAAR.
ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE
—OF—
Crockery, Glassware, Toys, Fancy Goods, Childrens' Wagons & Velocipedes
A VALUABLE PRESENT GIVEN WITH EVERY CASH PURCHASE OF OVER $1.00. ja15 1y

WOOLS.

RECEIVED THIS DAY AT

THE WHITE HOUSE

SAXONY Wool in 3 and 4 fold; BERLIN, 2, 4 and 8 fold; Shetland, Audululasian, Zephyr and Baldwin's SCOTCH FINGERING. This Yarn is manufactured by the same maker, and is equal in quality to "Beehive."

We have also received during the past week full lines in

NEW SUMMER GOODS

And we can with confidence say that the display surpasses any of our previous efforts.

BROCHE and STRIPED SILK GRENEDINES,

Alsatian Lawns, Crinkles, Llamas, India-muslins, Ida Stripes, &c., &c. English Prints of Hoyle's & Crim's manufacture, in Crepe Fancies, Combinations, Reversible Jeans, Fancy Stripes, &c. In these Goods our Stock is a revelation of patterns and styles exclusively our own.

C. J. BONNET & CO'S SILKS,

The softest and purest Silk manufactured. Jaubert Andras & Co's Cachemire De Lyon. Gros Grains, Black and Colored Satins, Satin Duchesse, Satin Merv, Pekin Reps, Rhadames, &c. In these goods we have catered to the trade whose wants embrace the medium and finer grade of Goods.
—ALSO—
SUNSHADES and PARASOLS, in the "Mikado" and other new Styles Suede Bernhardt Gloves, Evening Silk Gloves, 24 inches long. Honitan Lace Sets, Collars and Handkerchiefs.

MILLINERY—The very latest in Hats and Bonnets, New Gauzes, Ribbons, &c.

LACE CURTAINS—110 pairs, which were bought at a bargain, and WILL BE SOLD CHEAP.

The White House, Hutcheson, Young & Co.

May 12th, 1887.

WHAT SOME PEOPLE SAY.

That a sort of Freemasonry, it is said, exists among Chinese that finds expression on goods sent to their laundry. Certain signs mean "bad pay," "no good," "heap slippery," etc.

That Hall & Lowe make a specialty of Children's Pictures. *

That Hall & Lowe Copy and Enlarge old pictures. *

That 75 LADIES' JERSEYS in all the latest styles just to hand at the LANSDOWNE HOUSE, Yates street. 2w

That Angel Darling—"Mamma, where did baby tome from?" Fond mother—"Papa bought him in the market." Angel Darling—"Why didn't him div' ten cents more and det one wif hair on?"

That for Finish our work is unsurpassed—Hall & Lowe. *

That the finest assortment of fishing rods and tackle in the province is at J. Barnsley's, Fort street, near Douglas, just received via the C. P. R. tf

DR. FLINT'S
HEART REMEDY

Whenever you feel an uneasiness in the region of the heart, a slight pain in the shoulder, arm or under the shoulder blade, or when you feel yourself short of breath when exercising, or your heart has periods of beating fast, you have heart disease, and should take Dr. Flint's Heart Remedy. $1.50. Descriptive treaty with each bottle, or mailed free.

HAMBURG FIGS.

There is no remedy which can rival Hamburg Figs for the cure of habitual constipation, indigestion and sick-headache. Their action is prompt and efficient as their taste is pleasant. 25 cents. At all druggists, or address J. J. MACK & CO. 9 and 11 Front St., San Francisco.

apr13-sun-wed-fri-1y-dw

NANAIMO RELIEF FUND.

For Seven Days, commencing on Wednesday, May 11th, the undersigned will donate 50 per cent. of the gross proceeds earned by the carriages of the DRIARD Transfer Company to the fund for the relief of the widows and orphans of the victims of the Nanaimo explosion.
Telephone Call No. 528.

THOS SHAW.
my10

REAL ESTATE.

Victoria City Property,
Vancouver City Property,
New Westminster City Property
—FARMS—

FOR SALE BY

RAND BROS.,

Real Estate Brokers, Fort Street, Victoria.

OFFICES—Victoria, Vancouver & New Westminster, B.C.

See them before you buy. fe15-3m

apr17-eod-dw

To the Saloon-keepers of the City.

Messrs Garvin and McNiffe not having had the opportunity of seeing them all, any wishing to contribute to the Nanaimo relief fund will please call at McNiffe's saloon, where their contributions will be thankfully received, as we close the list to-night. my14

To the Ladies of Victoria City.

YOUR GENEROUS AID IS REQUIRED for your suffering sisters at Nanaimo, and by organizing yourselves into Committees and collecting in your various circles you can best aid us in obtaining the means to do so.

my10 JAMES FELL, Mayor.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL DONATE 50 per cent. of his earnings for 7 days from the 11th, to the Nanaimo Relief Fund.

R. J. STYLES,
my12-5t Expressman.

A. McGregor, J. W. Knight, W. McKitrick

HAVING PURCHASED THE BUSINESS lately carried on by Chas. Ball, beg to announce that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line as

Carriage Makers and Blacksmiths

at the Lowest and Most Reasonable Rates.
my13-1m A. McGREGOR & CO.

To be Sold by Private Sale
—AT—
Holmesdale, near Duncan's Station.

3 Good Work Mares (2 in foal.)
1 Three year old Filly (Arabian breed) trained and suitable for boy.
1 Yearling Filly (heavy.)
1 Lumber or Log Wagon.
1 Farm Wagon, Cart, several Lots Harness.
Democrat Wagon, with Pole Shafts and Brake.
Pacific Fanning Mill. Sulky Hay Rake.
Plow, Harrow and Farm Implements.
Dairy Utensils. Articles of Furniture.
Several Volumes of Books, Etc.
Stock of Goods in Store at low prices.
THE FARM, consisting of 500 acres of the finest Land in the world, in lots to suit buyers.
NUMEROUS BUILDINGS and Fences.
LUMBER MILL, with every appliance.
Also 120,000 feet of Lumber.
The Railway runs through the property.
TERMS EASY. Part Cash, Part Mortgage.

The Rev. D. Holmes is desirous of selling off as he is about to resume Clerical work. ap30

I. O. O. F.
PICNIC & REGATTA
—AT—
SHAWNIGAN LAKE
—ON—
TUESDAY, MAY 24th, 1887
the proceeds to be given to the
Provincial Jubilee Hospital Funds.

PROGRAMME OF SPORTS.

1. Four-oared Race, rowing from the gunwales, between crews of Lodges I. O. O. F. Prize, $25; entrance fee, $5. Three boats to enter or no race.
2. Single Sculls, outriggers, handicap, open to all comers. Morton Prize, $25; Second Prize, $10, in case three boats enter. Entrance fee, $3.
3. Four-oared Race, rowing from the gunwales, handicap, open to all comers. First Prize, $25; Second Prize, $10. Entrance fee, $4. Three boats to enter or no race.
4. Dingy Race, short course, handicap. First Prize, $5; Second Prize, $2.50. Entrance fee, 50c.
5. Punt Race, short course. First Prize, $5; Second Prize, $2.50. Entrance fee, 50c.
6. Swimming Match. First Prize, $5; Second Prize, $2.50. Competitors to be suitably attired to the satisfaction of the committee.
7. Walking Greasy Pole. Prize, $5. Competitors to be suitably attired to the satisfaction of the committee.

The Races to commence at One o'clock p. m.
The committee will provide three Four-oared boats. The railway fare of boats will be borne by the committee if sent the day previously.

DANCING.

FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP, . . $1 50
CHILDREN UNDER 10, ... 25

RICHARD JONES,
ap29 td Hon. Secretary.

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, MAY 15TH, 1887.

OCEAN GREYHOUNDS.

Since the year 1879 the following great ships have been placed upon the Liverpool and New York lines. "Taking them in the order of their fastest passage, out or home, they stand thus:"

	Days.	Hours.	Minutes
1. Etruria	6	5	31
2. Umbria (si'r ship)	Slightly longer.		
3. Oregon	6	10	35
4. America	6	13	34
5. City of Rome	6	18	0
6. Alaska	6	18	37
7. Servia	6	23	55
8. Aurania	7	1	1

The time has thus been shortened much more than half since 1840, and has been lessened 40 per cent. since 1860.

In addition to the great ships mentioned, there have been placed upon the line from Bremen to New York, touching at Southampton, England, the eight new or lately built ships of the North German Lloyd, which form altogether the most compact and uniform fleet upon the Atlantic. Their three last ships, the Trave, Saale and Aller, are marvels of splendor and comfort, ranking in speed and power very little short of the fastest of the Liverpool ships. They, as were the others of the company's eight "express" steamers, were built by the great firm of John Elder & Co., of Glasgow their machinery being designed by Bryce Douglas, to whose genius is also due that of the Etruria and Umbria, the Oregon, Arizona and Alaska. That of the Trave, Saale and Aller, however, is triple expansion, these being the only ships of the great European lines of this character, besides the new Gascogne, Bourgogne and Champagne (their equals in speed and equipment), of the French Compagnie Transatlantique, which were built in France, and which reflect so much honor upon the French builders. All these steamers are of steel, with cellular bottoms carefully subdivided, and fitted with a luxury and comfort quite unknown thirty years ago—with more space, better ventilation and better lighting.

It will be difficult to go beyond them until a further change is accepted to twin screws. That this change will soon come is pretty sure. It will hardly be possible to extend the power with a single screw beyond that of the 14,000-horse-power already in the Umbria and Etruria; with twin screws, however, it may be carried much beyond. Their adoption would mean greater accomodation and comfort and less racing of the machinery at sea; but, above all, it would mean greater safety. Under present circumstances a complete breakdown of the machinery of these great ships is a disaster which may entail delay as the least of the difficulties. No sail-power can be given them which would serve to carry them into port; they must lie helpless logs in the water until fortunate enough to find a friend to tow them. It is scarcely possible that both of the engines of a twin-screw steamer should be seriously injured at the same time, so that arrival would be only slightly delayed in case of damage to one set of machinery. In fact, such a ship would be two vessels in one, divided by a great longitudinal bulkhead from top to bottom; the boilers, engines and all the appurtenances of the one side being wholly independent of the other.—*Scribner's Magazine for May.*

A HALIFAX BOY'S BIG JUMP.

Young DeFreytas' Safe Leap from the Brooklyn Bridge.

A Halifax boy named Emanuel DeFreytas, has jumped from the Brooklyn bridge. The New York *Times* thus reports the affair:—

"The laurels of Steve Brodie and Larry Donovan will be withered to-day. Their feats in jumping from the Brooklyn bridge were eclipsed yesterday afternoon by Emanuel DeFreytas, a 19-year-old boy from Nova Scotia, who leaped from the parapet of the bridge, about 50 feet east of its centre. At 4:55 o'clock Officer Doyle who was stationed on the promenade, noticed a slight built boy, not more than 5 feet 4 inches tall, with smooth face and dressed in a dark sack coat and dark trowsers, and wearing a soft, white hat, climb over the rail and upon one of the planks placed across the iron structure through which the southern track runs, and which are used by the electric light men. The boy, who was DeFreytas, ran quickly over the plank and climbed down a ladder to the roadway, across which he rushed and began climbing upon the parapet. Doyle shouted to Bridge Policeman Finn, who was about 50 feet away from DeFreytas upon the roadway, and Finn ran toward him. A wagon got in his way, and, before he could reach him the boy was on the parapet and preparing to jump. Finn sprang forward, and his hand caught DeFreytas' heel just as he was attempting to jump out into the air. The heel slipped from his grasp, but the slight hold he had taken was sufficient to throw DeFreytas head forward. He fell for some distance with his body slightly inclined forward, and then suddenly turned completely over, his body coming back to an inclined position. The policeman who was watching him over the parapet and a number of people on the docks looked with bated breath, expecting to see him strike the water at full length and be immediately killed. But while still some distance above the surface of the river his body suddenly straightened out head downward, his hands were clasped in advance of his head and, cutting the water like a knife, he went out of sight. It was about 20 seconds before he appeared, and then he was discovered about 150 feet south of the bridge, swimming with a strong overhand stroke toward the Brooklyn shore. He kept on this course for some 20 strokes, when he turned and swam toward the steam lighter, Mary J., which had just pulled out into the river from Pier 29. A rope was thrown to him and he was taken aboard apparently none the worse for his long dive. He said to a *Times'* reporter that he believed that he could jump from the bridge successfully ever since Odlum tried it. Odlum's death, he thought, was a pure accident. He made the jump to satisfy himself that he could do it, and not for money, and without any thought of making capital out of it in dime museums or elsewhere. The only unpleasant sensation which he experienced was when he entered the water. Then, he said, it seemed as if some one hit him on the top of the head with a soft club. He is a printer, and last worked with Gray Brothers, in Fulton street. He was born in Halifax, where his parents still reside, and in 1881, when 13 years old, went to Boston to learn his trade with an uncle, who is one of the state printers. During the past few years he has wandered about from place to place, plying his trade. He has been in New York several times, and was one of the compositors on the defunct *Telegraph.*"

The only surviving Plenipotentiary of the Congress of Paris, Baron Hübner, now residing at the French capital is writing a volume of reminiscences, which, it is expected, will prove very interesting.

A NEW RIFLE.

The Lebel Rifle Adopted by the Army of France.

The Lebel rifle, as the new rifle is called, was invented by Lieut.-Colonel Lebel principal of the artillery school at Chalons. Its remarkable qualities are lightness, long range and extraordinary penetrating power. According to the scientific researches of the mathematician, Professor Hebler, it was supposed that the absolutely perfect army rifle should be a weapon with a caliber of precisely seven millimeters. The Lebel rifle has not so small a caliber but offers the nearest approach to it yet made—viz: eight millimeters. With this caliber the advantages are; a lighter cartridge; a more direct projectory; a greater precision; a greater penetrating power; and a much less liability of the missile to be deviated from its course by a strong wind.

The ball is so covered with steel and brass, as to enable it to preserve its form and to follow precisely the grooves of the barrel. Its initial velocity is exactly 100 meters per second greater than that of the Gras rifle, which had an initial velocity of 450 meters, while the Lebel boasts a velocity of 540 meters. It revolves upon itself 5,000 times per second—always traveling point first. At a distance of 1,800 meters its fire is as fatal as within a lesser distance; and as the line of the projectile is almost perfectly straight, extraordinary hits can be made at immense ranges. To obviate the shock of recoil consequent upon so prodigious an expelling force, a special powder has been invented by Col. Brugere, which detonates progressively, without smoke and with comparatively little noise. The shooter feels the weapon push—does not feel a sudden and painful jar. Three wooden shields placed at about twenty-five yards apart were easily pierced in a straight line by one rifleshot—the ball traveling on 500 meters further without changing its course to strike the outlying target aimed at precisely in the center. The movable breech piece is shorter than the Gras rifle, but offers a greater resistance and the recoil follows the axis of the weapon.

On finding themselves in possession of so extraornidary an arm, it was for some time a question with the military authorities whether or not to adopt it in its simplest form, as the best of single shot breech loaders. But as Austria is adopting the Mannlicher repeater, Italy the Vitali repeater, Germany the Mauser magazine gun, it seems necessary to make the Lebel a repeater also; as troops armed with a single shot rifle only, however good, would easily become demoralized by the mere conviction that they were face to face with enemies armed with magazine guns.

HINTS FOR THE HOUSEWIFE.

MUSH CAKES.—One pint of mush, one tablespoonful of lard, one gill of flour, one egg. Beat well together and drop from the spoon on a hot griddle.

SNOW DROPS.—One cup of butter, two cups of sugar, whites of five eggs, one small cup of milk, three full cups of prepared flour; flavor with vanilla and nutmeg. Bake in small round tins. Those in the shape of fluted shells are very pretty.

BROWN BREAD BREWIS.—Break up one pint of dry brown bread into small pieces. Mix with one-fourth cup butter in a double boiler, add milk sufficient to cover and cook over hot water without stirring it till the bread has absorbed all the milk. Eat with milk or cream.

GINGER PUDDING.—One-half cup of molasses, two-thirds of a cup of butter, one cup of brown sugar, two cups of flour, four eggs, one small teaspoonful of ginger, one of cinnamon and one of cloves. Bake in layers and put together with jelly and icing. Serve with sauce or cream.

SALSIFY IN SHELLS.—Cut the salsify after it is scraped in pieces half an inch long and throw them into vinegar and water to blanch. Boil until tender in salted water. Put into large clam shells with a little nutmeg, a dot of butter, a few drops of lemon juice and some bread crumbs; brown in the oven.

OYSTER SAUSAGES.—Take one-quarter pound of cooked chicken or veal, chopped fine, three ounces of bread crumbs, rolled fine and moistened with oyster juice; one ounce of beef suet, chopped; thirty oysters, chopped; half the yolk of an egg. Season with powdered mace, cayenne and black pepper; mold into sausages and fry.

HOW TO MAKE SOUP.—The fundamental principle of a good soup is that bones and meat should be put into cold water. Hot water will coagulate the albumen in the pores at the surface of the meat and thus fail to extract the juice of the latter. A very common mistake is that the meat not desirable for stews and roasts will make a good soup; poor meat will never make good soup.

ORANGE CREAM.—The juice of six oranges, one-fourth of a pound of white sugar, one pint of boiling water and six eggs. Beat the yolks, add sugar, orange juice and water and stir over boiling water until it thickens. When cool put into glasses, and on each one put the beaten whites, sweetened and flavored with a little of the grated rind.

POTATO SOUFFLE.—Boil and mash a quart of potatoes, moisten with a pint of boiled milk; beat separately the whites and yolks of three eggs, add the yolks to the potatoes and a little salt; whisk the whites to a froth and add just before cooking the dish. Put the mixture on a large dinner plate and bake fifteen minutes; serve as soon as taken from the oven.

CORNSTARCH CAKE.—One cup of butter, worked to a cream with two cups of sugar; one cup of milk in which is dissolved one teaspoonful of soda; two cups of flour, in which is sifted two teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar; the whites, only, of six eggs, beaten to stiff froth. Mix all these ingredients well, then add one cup of cornstarch. Beat well. Bake in a moderate oven. Will make one light loaf.

TONGUE TOAST.—Take a cold smoked tongue that has been well boiled; mince it fine, mix it with cream and beaten yolk of an egg and give it a simmer over the fire. Having grated, cut of the crusts, toast very nicely some slices of bread, and then butter them very slightly. Lay them in a flat dish that has been heated before the fire, and cover each slice of toast thickly with the tongue mixture, spread on hot. This is a nice breakfast or supper dish.

BAVARIAN STRAWBERRY CREAM.—Whip a pint of cream, and when firm put it on the ice for at least a quarter of an hour. Dissolve a half ounce of gelatine in three or four tablespoonfuls of hot water; add to it one-quarter pound of sifted sugar and press it through a sieve. Press a pint of fresh strawberries through the sieve, adding them to the gelatine and sugar in the bowl. When they begin to stiffen slightly, add your whipped cream, taking it off with a skimmer so as to drain off all moisture. Mix all well together, put into a mold, set in the ice for about an hour, when it should be stiff enough to turn out and serve.

Poet Longfellow's brother will soon publish the long-awaited "Last Memorials," in two volumes, with illustrations. The work is said to contain much interesting personal matter, table-talk and bits of unpublished verse.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE CUNARD LINE.

The acceptance by the English Government of the Cunard Company's bid for the contract for carrying the mails to America, resulted in putting afloat in 1840 the Acadia, Britannia, Columbia and Caledonia. The first vessels of the Cunard Line were all wooden paddle-wheel steamers, with engines by Napier of Glasgow, of the usual side-level class; the return-flue boilers and jet condensers were used, the latter holding their place for many years to come, though surface condensation had already appeared as an experiment. The company was to carry the mails fortnightly between Liverpool, Halifax and Boston, regular sailings to be adhered to and four vessels to be employed, for the sum of £81,000 ($400,000) per annum. The contract was made for seven years, but was continued from time to time for forty-six—no break occurring in this nearly half-century's service until within a short time of the present writing, when the Umbria, November 4, 1884, was the first ship in the history of the company to leave Liverpool on the regular day of sailing for America without mails.

The Britannia was the first of the fleet to sail; and, strange to say (from the usual seaman's point of view), Friday, July the 4th, 1840, was the day selected. She arrived at Boston in fourteen days and eight hours, a very successful passage for the time.

It must have required considerable moral courage in the projectors to inaugurate such an undertaking on the day of the week which has been so long on the black-list of sailor superstition, notwithstanding it had the advantage of being the anniversary of the Declaration of American Independence. The success of this line ought certainly to rehabilitate Friday to a position of equality among the more fortunate days though it will be observed that none of the Transatlantic lines have yet selected it as a day of sailing.

The Hibernia and Cambria followed in 1843 and in 1845, 530 tons larger in displacement, with 1,040 indicated horse-power, and steaming about nine and one-half knots per hour. The present Atlantic traveler consideres himself a much-injured person if he has not electric-light and bells, baths *ad libitum*, and a reasonable amount of cubic space in which to bestow himself. None of the least of these existed in the earlier passenger ships; a narrow berth to sleep in and a plentiful supply of food were afforded, but beyond these there was little—notwithstanding the whole ship was given up to first-cabin passengers, emigrants not being carried in steamers until 1850, and it was not until 1853 that any steamer of the Cunard Line was fitted for their accomodation.

How little it was possible to do for the wanderer to Europe in those days may be seen when comparison shows the Britannia to have been but half the length of the Umbria, but two-thirds her breadth, but six-lengths her depth, with much less than half her speed, and less than one-twentieth her power.

The establishment of the Cunard Line marked the setting of ocean steam traffic firmly on its feet. What in 1835 had been stated by one of the most trusted scientific men of that time as an impossibility, and even in 1838 was in doubt, had become an accomplished fact; while the proof of the practicability of the American route was making, preparations were in progress for the extension of steam lines which were soon to reach the ends of the world.—*Scribner's Magazine for May.*

EDUCATIONAL NOTES.

Buildings for nine different colleges are now going up in Wichita, Kan.

Cornell University is to open a School of Pharmacy in September. The course will be one of two years.

Rutgers College has received a gift of a library of 4,500 volumes, valued at $15,000, from P. Vanderbilt Spades.

The Journal of Education says: Never allow a child to use a short pencil, lead or slate. It spoils the handwriting.

Stephen Salisbury has given to Worcester Free Institute $100,000 to be used in the erection and equipment of a building to contain laboratories for mechanical, physical and chemical science, the same to be memorial to his father, Stephen Salisbury, for many years President of the Board of Trustees.

It is said that the faces of Indian boys and girls, which bear the marks of savage character on the entrance of their possessors to the schools at Hampton, Va., become after awhile alert, intelligent and thoughtful, stolidity giving place to a noticeable refinement and earnestness of expression, owing to the influence of education.

A gift of $25,000 from some source that is not yet made public has been made to the Law Department of Yale College. It is to be used for the furtherance of the study of contracts and commercial law, and the fund is to be known as the Phelps fund, it being named after a Professor Phelps, now United States Minister to England, but formerly one of the Faculty of the Law Department. This is the second large gift which has been received by the university since President Dwight's inaugural, the other being the Bid addition to the Yale library announced a few weeks ago.

The London Figaro gives some interesting statistics on schools in Europe. In Russia there 32,000 schools, having each an average of 37 scholars. There is one school for 2,300 inhabitants, at a cost of less than a halpenny a head of the population. In Austria with 37,000,000 of inhabitants, there are 29,000 schools and 3,000,000 scholars. The average number at each school is 104, and the cost per annum 9½d. In Italy for 28,000,000 inhabitants there 47,000 schools; one school for every 600 people, at a cost of 8½d a head. The average number of pupils at the schools is 40. In Spain there are 3,000,000 scholars, 29,000 schools, giving an average of 56 in each school, and 1 school for every 600 inhabitants, as in Italy. The school bill comes to 1s 2d a head. The number of schools given for England is 58,000, which is one for every 600 inhabitants, with an average attendance of 52 per school and a cost of 1s 6d per head. The Germans have a school for every 700, giving a total of 60,000 schools, with 100 pupils in each, and 1s 7d per inhabitant. France has 71,000 schools, being 1 for every 500 with 66 in each school. France would, therefore, seem to have more schools than any other great European country. These schools cost the country 1s 2½d per inhabitant.

LITERARY GLEANINGS.

Professor Huxley's biography of Hume—in the English Men of Letters Series will be published next month.

John G. Whittier has written an introduction to the forthcoming volume of essays written by the late E. P. Whipple.

The Century Company have purchased *The Southern Bivouac*, a magazine devoted to war papers and southern character sketches.

John H. Douglass, M. D., General Grant's physician, is preparing a complete history of his late patient's case, which will soon be published.

FINDING A MATE.

Love-Making in Different Countries—Various Modes of Getting Young People Settled in Life.

The average American girl can find no cause of complaint as to the facilities

Expecting him to pop the question.

open to her of accepting the calls of a wooer. Social intercourse between young people is certainly as free in the United States as in any country in the world.

THE FREE AMERICAN GIRL.

No nation is ahead of America in the honor paid to woman in treating her as the companion and equal of man.

As a rule, the American girl has the unrestricted choice of her friends and of the particular one whose matrimonial addresses are agreeable to her.

The young lady, by which is meant here the one in the enjoyment of an average position in society, possesses a freedom which evokes the admiration of foreign observers. In the church meeting and lecture room, the Sunday-school, the skating rink, the party, the ball room, the academy, or the place of employment is found the acquaintance which ripens into friendship, love and marriage.

When, drawn by the passion divine, Sambo visits Dinah in the "ole cabin" by the Suwanee River, for the first time, mutual embarrassment is overcome by the fun of the thing. When she laughs, he laughs, and the way is made easier for the laugh through life.

THE "BUT" IN THE CASE.

There are restraints placed on freedom of choice even by the American lady, that is if she happens to be the daughter of a man of wealth or distinction who either himself insists upon his will in the matter which most nearly concerns her happiness, when it is not her will, or has a wife who pursues this course.

The conflict between the girl's right and the parent's abuse of authority, is oftener owing to the slender means and obscure position of the maiden's preference, than to any other cause.

The headquarters of this form of tyranny, which increases with the increasing worship of wealth and display, are naturally where there is the least culture accompanied with riches. Daughters of our shoddy aristocrats suffer the most from parental tyranny exercised in compelling them to marry men who are not their true choice.

MERCENARY MARRIAGES CONDEMNED.

On the other hand, young women whose heads are turned by a false estimate of life, who value inordinately the advantages of wealth, voluntarily sell themselves, as it were, to the highest bidder. Discrepancy in years, want of brains, and defects of character are reckoned but of little moment in comparison with the command of abundant money.

To call the pre-marriage relation of such couples love would be doing wrong to that sacred name.

MATCH-MAKING IN FRANCE.

In France the courtship of young people is an arrangement most generally contrived by the parents or guardians of the pair. This is the rule among people in the middle and higher classes.

A French girl of the upper ten thousand, after leaving school, is dependent, knowing no other life than that of obedience to her parents. She is not allowed to be often alone, to go into society, or receive company.

The young man shown in the picture has been introduced to the girl by his scheming mother, who wishes to secure for his use the young lady's dower.

Young men in Paris and other great cities of France find it extremely difficult to earn more than enough for their own support. When a mother, still proud of her well-preserved good looks, and pos-

Love-making in France.

sibly jealous of the youthful charms of her daughter, wishes to get her off her hands, she finds occasion to select a young man to whom she is willing that the girl and her *dot* shall be sacrificed.

The mothers of the young people bring about an introduction, which is a welcome break in the monotony and restraint of the young girl's life. In the course of time comes the marriage, which requires the legal sanction of parents on both sides.

HOW AN ENGLISHMAN WAS DISAPPOINTED.

An amusing story is told of an English gentleman engaged in a commercial enterprise, who dined with a friend, the father of daughters, at his pretty villa situated in the suburbs of Paris.

He was introduced to the young ladies who were the ornaments of the household, and proposed to take them to the theatre on a certain evening. Mamma assented to the proposition, provided that she could accompany the party, which indeed she assumed to be a matter of course.

Accordingly the Englishman provided two carriages for the conveyance of himself and the three ladies. This arrangement met with the mother's approval, and she immediately ordered the distribution of the party:

"You, my two daughters, will ride in the first carriage, and I and Monsieur will follow you in the second."

There are evidences that under Republican administration in France, more liberal ideas than those represented in the arrangements I have detailed, are making their way. But the French girl will seemingly have long to wait before she is as enviably fortunate in her liberty to choose a mate as her English sister.

LOVE-MAKING IN ENGLAND.

When, however, the American has resided some time in the mother country, and observed the customs of young people relating to love and marriage, he discovers that the freedom enjoyed by the American girl is not assumed by the English maiden.

This is more particularly noticeable among what our cousins call the middle classes. A young lady in the United States occupying a corresponding position in society, has "gentlemen friends," as the phrase is, with whom she is intimate, giving them her society when and where she is disposed to bestow that privilege, receiving them at home in her father's house, and enjoying the confidence with which she is treated by those whom Nature has made her guardians.

In England such friendships with gentlemen, or nearly exclusive friendship with one, could not be, or, at least, would be so very unusual as to provoke gossip at the maiden's expense. There a young man who seeks a girl's society is expected to declare his intentions with promptitude, and her acceptance of his escort and his reception at her home, are considered to be evidences of a connubial purpose.

Hence matrimonial engagements in that country are often of long standing; hence, too, a rupture in the intimacy of a young man and young woman is more remarkable than here. That is a terrible indictment—to be brought against an English Apollo by the irate father:

"You have trifled, sir, with the affections of my daughter;" and the slow wooer is apt to be asked by the majestic head of the household, "What are your intentions, sir?" English maidenhood is more exclusive than American, and the English maiden wonders at the free and easy manner of our sweet girls.

OPEN-AIR COURTING.

Still another difference strikes the long time visitor in England—the amount of open-air courting done there.

"Sparking" in this land, as every reader realizes or remembers, is the chief and most delectable of all our pastimes. Varied by buggy-riding in hot weather, and sleigh-riding in cold, its acme of sweet intimacy is enjoyed in the parlor, when only low tones of affection break the brooding silence.

But the English wooer takes his girl out for a walk, and many a mile they traverse together in the leafy lanes of their lovely land, hand in hand or the strong arm of the youth encircling the waist of his charmer.

The long cool evenings of the English summer favor this mode of courtship, which seems a little free to the American. During periods of rest on the soft green turf, amidst the song of birds, and regaled by the odor of wild roses, a clear brook dancing and babbling at their feet, the young people enjoy their love. The presumption is that, in fine weather especially, the question is asked and answered the oftenest outdoors, which determines the destiny of two lives.

As Shakspere wooed and won his bride,

Sambo wooes Dinah.

traversing with her the lanes and flower-decked meadows of Warwickshire, so myriads of swains before and since have taken advantage of the mild climate and rural beauties of the native land of the Pilgrim Fathers, in the same way.

WHERE COURTING IS DIFFICULT.

In the historic land of Spain and in the Spanish-American countries, beauties are more retiring than with us, and access to their charms presents certain physical difficulties. The average American young man, who is not to be excelled in gallantry, would esteem it a great hardship to stand on the back of a mule while making love to his mistress, who communicates with him through an iron-barred window.

In the East, the young woman is a bird in a cage and the property of her lord.

America has nothing to learn of propriety and purity from countries in which courting is a thing of difficulty, because the young lady is a prisoner access to whom is by signs and enforced climbing to her prison bars.

Courting, as the reader understands it, is enjoyable only in a few of the most advanced lands, and, pleasing as the subject is, it is very capable of exhaustion.

In the early ages of the world's history woman was a chattel, a piece of property transferred in possession for a consideration. She is still the same in many lands.

Where happily she is the queen of love, whose sweet society must be sought with the homage of manly affection, let her maintain her dignity, treading mercenary regards under her feet. Satisfied with less than pure and generous affection in her suitor, selling herself to pelf and position, she is her own enemy and that of her sex.

The extremes of woman's degradation are where, as in barbarous lands, she is oppressed because she is weak, and where, as too frequently in this land of honor paid to the sex, she is oppressed because she places herself under the foot of the oppressor by taking wealth and position as substitutes for the self-sacrificing and chivalrous affection which the man who would buy a wife cannot feel.

Particular as to His Appearance.

Tramp (to gentleman)—Say, boss, can't you give a fellow a lift? I haven't had anything to eat since yesterday morning. Can't you give me fifteen cents?

Gentleman—No, but if you'll go around to the kitchen, they'll give you something to eat.

Tramp—Well, boss, I'd like to oblige you, but I couldn't think of presenting myself before the ladies until I got a clean shave.

In Good Company.

A disciple of Blackstone, at Albany, Ga., was met carrying home a 'possum. He was asked:

"Hello, J., what is that?"

"'Possum!"

"What are you going to do with him?"

"I'm going to have a big 'possum supper."

"How many will be there?"

"Two—me and the 'possum."—[Goodall's Sun.

Not So Bad As That.

John: "Clara, I must correct your statements. You are entirely wrong. there is a lack of verisimilitude——"

Clara: "Now, John, you are getting out of your depth. Are you sure you know what you are talking about?"

John (hotly): "You talk as if you thought I was a big donkey."

Clara (coldly): "Now, my dear, you are unjust. I never thought you were big."—[Philadelphia Call.

A Self-Sacrificing Woman.

The American woman who marries a foreign prince is the most self-sacrificing of women.

She not only volunteers to become the housekeeper, but furnishes the money to run the establishment.—[Sam, the Scaramouch.

Explained.

"What do they do when they install a minister?" asked a small boy. "Do they put him in a stall and feed him?"

"Not a bit," said his father; "they harness him to a church, and expect him to draw it alone."—[Boston Transcript.

CHINESE IN AMERICA.

The Mystery About the Stranger—His Laundry-Keeping—A Chinese Grocery Store—Description of an Opium-Joint—The Chinese in Sunday-school.

There are probably fifty-five millions of people in the United States, and the number of Chinese distributed over the entire country scarcely exceeds one hundred thousand.

The total number of immigrants from the Flowery Kingdom between 1855 and 1882 was only 266,071, and according to the last census, there were, when it was taken, but 105,465 Chinese in the whole of the States and Territories.

By a law passed in 1882, Chinese immigration was prohibited for ten years.

CHINESE APPAREL AS WE SEE IT.

John Chinaman seems to be hopelessly an alien while here. With but few exceptions he takes no care to Americanize himself.

The change of climate necessitates some modification of his costume. After a time he is apt to doff the comfortable shoes he brought with him, and to clothe his feet with the calfskin integuments manufactured in Lynn or elsewhere.

He takes kindly to the American slouch hat, but wisely draws the line there. John sees no wisdom in substituting for warmth and comfort in head gear, the neat appearance of the Derby and the "plug" hat.

He loves to feel his clothes set lightly and roomily upon him. The "store pants" which in time he adopts are baggy and an eyesore to the esthetic tailor; but what philosophical mind can do otherwise than envy the free and easy style of dress affected by the Chinese, who has only as far become the victim of American institutions as to adopt the few changes indicated?

As a matter of course he retains the half sack coat and half cloak, which must be among the most comfortable of garments. Splendid specimens of work, too, some of these garments are.

HIS PHYSICAL INFELICITIES.

"John moves with ease and possesses muscular activity, but he never looks graceful. As a rule he is too small a man for this, and his dress, if comfortable, is not becoming.

And what possessed that generally

Street scene in Chinese quarters.

good-natured dame, Nature, to give him only an apology for a countenance? His coarse hair, pigtail, mean little eyes, his nose struggling out of the middle of his serio-comic expressionless, beardless face are from being things of beauty.

He is stamped "unique" in distinct if not large letters. The "heathen Chinee" is so regarded less on account of his peculiarity of faith than his insurmountable foreignness.

THE CHINESE LAUNDRY.

His alleged disposition to remain what he was when he came, has received every encouragement.

Prejudice and sometimes violence have compelled his countrymen to herd together in the American cities, where they live by themselves, and their life is largely a mystery.

The man who keeps accounts with a brush and black paint, and calculates by means of the time-honored abacus is more of a mystery than his singular arrangements for business indicate.

It is not by any means certain that the laundry with its red-curtained window is really under the actual proprietorship of "Sam Lee," "Hong Fat," or another man supposed to "run" it from his name appearing on the window; or whether Chinese companies of vast wealth simply employ this individual as their agent.

"NO TICKEE, NO WASHEE."

Our Chinese laundry man is not quick and brilliant and refuses to be hurried. He tells when a job will be done, and never fails to have it done at the time stated. He charges a lump sum for the work, which to those who may take the trouble to reckon it is found to be exactly the right amount according to the schedule of rates stated.

In this punctuality and square dealing, as well as in good washing, starching and ironing may be found reasons why Celestial washing establishments thrive over the land.

HEADQUARTERS IN THIS COUNTRY.

In San Francisco the life of the stranger may be better observed than elsewhere. There, strange sights are to be seen in China town, a reproduction in great part of city life in the great Empire on the other side of the Pacific Ocean.

The theatre with its splendid mountings for "blood and thunder" plays, of, to our view, inordinate length, and a band which discourses most execrable noises, including the inevitable tom-tom, is one resort of the sight seer.

A propensity to gambling has by degrees, found its most convenient expression in the use of the ordinary playing cards.

Opium-joints have their victims by the hundred. Horrifying reports are now and then published of Chinese debaucheries, but fewer since an outraged public opinion has prevented, as far as possible, the importation of females from the old country.

THE CHINESE GROCERY STORE.

In New York and other cities, as well as in San Francisco, are to be seen Chinese grocery stores. These are quiet seeming establishments, with a few dull-looking parcels in the window, the lower part of which is covered for greater privacy, varied and enlivened somewhat by cups and saucers seemingly of indubitable Celestial origin.

An artist accompanying your correspondent in the collection of material for this article, undertook to explore one of these establishments.

He found five blue-coated, flat-faced, twin-brother looking Chinese sitting in the warmth of a stove which was the genuine product of American industry.

Being a young man of an obliging disposition he tried to be accommodating, and accosted one of them thus:

"Wantee see keepee storee."

He was promptly introduced to the person indicated, a man of means and

A Chinese grocery.

social importance, and understood to speak English with the ease of the native American, who gave him leave to sketch the establishment, as herewith presented.

AN OPIUM-JOINT.

The Chinese is here to make money, and alive or dead, such is his expectation, will repose with his ancestors. He accordingly makes good use of his opportunities while here, and finding "Melican" people willing to share with him the vices of Oriental life, gives them the chance to do it.

His best friends must lament this fact, to which is due the existence of the opium-joint and accompaning vice.

The joint itself varies in its pretensions and the price paid for access into it. Great precautions are taken against the admission of persons likely to cause trouble to its proprietor and patrons. Only enters one of these places until he has been thoroughly quizzed from within.

The statement is made on good authority that there are as many as fifty of these demoralizing places in New York, and the questionable pleasure of smoking opium costs from twenty-five cents to twenty dollars.

Such places as are patronized by vicious men and women of the lowest grade, have an inner room provided with bunks after the style of the steerage of a steamer, in which the vice is indulged in a recumbent attitude.

The rough boards constituting these bunks are covered with matting. A large table similarly provided is sometimes made the resting place of eight or ten smokers.

Having entered this vile place the intending smoker takes the place he or she wishes to occupy. An attendant thereupon brings a tray upon which is the pipe, a small lamp, and a rod of iron, which, heated at the lamp, can be used to relight the contents of the pipe in the event of its going out.

Previously he has cut off sufficient opium from a "chunk" to fill the pipe, which he rubs in his hands and then places in its bowl. This is small, thimble-shaped and about the size of that accessory to the lady's work-basket. It is made of a kind of clay and is situated about two inches from one end of the pipe-stem.

This is of bamboo, and from two and a half to three feet in length. Both pipe and opium are believed to be imported from China. The former improves with age and use, like the meerschaum pipe of the tobacco-smoker.

An instance is recorded of a Chinaman caught in a joint, who refused to give his pipe to the police. He persisted in smoking while under arrest, and valued the filthy tube in his hand at twenty-five dollars.

Before handing the pipe to the smoker, the attendant lights it, and the operation proceeds. One pipe lasts from half an hour to an hour and a half, according to the persistency of the smoker.

Some old smokers can burn out from two to three pipefuls before stupefaction arises, but in the generality of cases, one is sufficient for this purpose. The stupefaction induced lasts three or four hours.

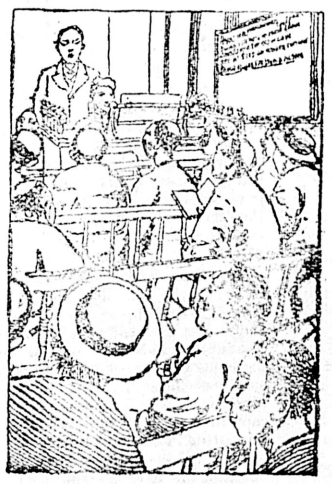
In some stylish joints the entrance fee is as high as five dollars, and fifteen or twenty are charged for the exclusive use of a room in which to indulge in smoking.

Seasoned old smokers visit the joint once or even twice a week.

Some smokers go as seldom as three or even twelve months. Habitual smoking certainly shortens life, by how long cannot be more than approximately averaged. Perhaps the average of fifteen or twenty years, given by a man about town to the writer, is correct.

SOME OF JOHN'S GOOD QUALITIES.

The Chinaman's worst enemy must give him credit for great personal cleanliness. What is at least a good founda-



Chinamen at Sunday-school.

tion for moral and religious improvement lies in his respectful docility, his persistence in learning English, in the delight which he takes in singing sacred songs, and in his disposition to be taught the benign doctrines of the Christian religion.

His Father Was a Pole.

Judge (to prisoner): "Your name?"

Prisoner: "Henry."

Judge: "That's your Christian name. What's your family name?"

Prisoner: "My father was a Pole. I have never been able to pronounce his name."—[Boston Beacon.

At the Theater.

She: "Don't you think something ought to be done toward uplifting the stage?"

He: "Yes; or perhaps something toward the lowering of the bonnet would serve the same purpose."—[Boston Transcript.

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, MAY 15TH, 1887.

SUPPLEMENT.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CAPTAINS.

Their Duties and Responsibilities—An Interview with a Cunarder.

The particular feature of the life of the master of an ocean steamer that is brought home most emphatically to the observant passenger during an Atlantic voyage is the ceaseless, grinding strain on his vigilance. He is almost constantly afloat, and when afloat his responsibilities are endless. First of all—though of course this does not head the list of his duties—he must be regarded as the mail agent for the Government, and he is held responsible for the proper delivery of the mail received on board. In fact, he does the work that was formerly intrusted to the post-captain or commander in the navy. In all other matters the responsibilities are pretty much the same as in ordinary sailing ships. The captain is responsible for the vessel being properly "founded" in everything. At the end of the voyage a "defect list" and an indent for stores for the ensuing voyage are made out by the chief officer, chief engineer and chief steward, and submitted to him for approval. Aboard, all accounts for seamen discharged, and for overtime and coal money earned by the crew, must be signed for by the commander. The crew of an English passenger steamship gets six pence an hour overtime for working cargo after 6 P. M. to 6 A. M., and four pence per ton is divided among the crew for shifting coal out of reserves into bunkers. The captain is furnished with a voyage report, which he has to fill up and hand in at the end of his trip. This is really a precise account of everything that is shipped and unshipped during the voyage, the amount of coal burned between each port, the stoppages (if any), the average speed made; it also includes a statement that the instructions received have been strictly carried out, more especially in matters relating to cargo, and an assurance that the second and third-class passengers have been visited daily. Besides this, there is an abstract log to write up every day, showing the ship's position, run, wind, weather, sea, pressure of steam, revolutions and coal consumed. This form is sent in at the end of each passage, and it also states the average speed, the coal consumed per mile, per hour and per hour by the indicated horse-power. The captain has also to hand in a confidential report of every officer of the ship, including engineers, surgeon, carpenter, boatswain and chief steward. He has also to announce his arrival at each port by letter, stating time, consumption of fuel, proposed departure, prospect of freight and the like.

"Tell me now of any other duties you may have," was asked of the captain of a Cunarder.

"I will give you the routine. After leaving Queenstown, where we receive the latest mails and dispatches and the remainder of the passengers, and having seen my bill of health in order, we proceed on our voyage, the pilot being usually discharged when the ship is pointing to the fairway. Then begins the regular routine. A night order-book is given to the chief mate every evening at 8 o'clock. It is written and signed by the commander, states the course to be steered, cautions the officers as to keeping a vigilant lookout, instructs them as to what sails to carry, what lights are to be watched for, and tells them at what hour the commander is to be called. At 8 A. M., which is always reported to me, sights are taken, and chronometers compared by the captain and chief officer; at 9 A. M. the ship's position is worked out by the captain and the second officer; at 10 A. M. the second officer visits the mail room, and reports the fact to the captain; at 11 A. M. the ship is inspected by the captain, chief mate, surgeon and chief steward; the places visited are the butcher's shop, the galleys, the upper and lower forcastles, pantries, saloons, bath-rooms and the sleeping-cabins fore and aft. At noon the ship's position is determined by the captain, second, third and fourth officers, the fourth mate putting in his work at 1 o'clock. The run is always posted up at 12:30 in the saloon. At the same hour log-books are examined and signed, and the postoffice and company's abstracts are written up by the captain. The latter and the chief engineer then hold a consultation respecting the speed of the engines and the consumption of fuel. At 1 o'clock, accompanied by the head steward I inspect the dinners in the intermediate and steerage quarters, and also the engineers' mess. At 4 P. M. the ship's position is verified by sights; and if we are near the land, sights are often taken twice, and the position verified by Summer's method. A star is frequently taken in the twilight after dinner, and in the morning watch wherever practicable, by the chief officer. Eight o'clock is reported to me before the bell is struck, and my written orders are then issued for the night."

"How often do you verify your position?"

"Three times daily, and once or twice at night."

"And what discretion is permitted to the officer of the watch?"

"He has the sole charge of the ship and the engines in case of emergency, but he is not allowed to alter the course without my orders, unless to steer clear of ships or any other dangers. He is not allowed to permit any lights to be kept in after the regulation hours without my express permission. All the lights are reported to the officer of the first watch as being extinguished at the time stated in the rules."

This may appear somewhat dry reading to landsmen, but it is only by comprehending the importance of such details that a just idea can be obtained of the incessant demands made on the energy and vigilance of the captain of an ocean steamship. Of course the vast moral responsibility that weighs down on every such captain is not included in this narrative of routine. Take the ship's company alone of such a vessel as the Britannic—not to mention the Etruria, the City of Rome and other large vessels of their caliber. The Britannic's captain and officers number five; carpenter, boatswain and four quartermasters, six; twenty able seamen, four ordinary seamen, three boys, six engineers, a boiler-maker and donkey-man, twenty-six firemen and trimmers, and twenty-seven stewards. Here you have a round hundred of men to do the ship's work. Now add to these the passengers, from another hundred, if you like, up to one thousand—the Britannic has had 1,016 immigrants on board—and then there will be less difficulty in realizing the vast moral responsibility that rests upon the one man to whom is committed this momentous trust of human lives. An extraordinary change has come over the routine of the mercantile marine. The obligation of speed, the imperious sense of urgency, has multipled the responsibilities and greatly increased the duties of the ship-master.

The discipline and routine in the square-rigger of to day are not very widely different from what they were in the old clippers and sailing liners twenty or thirty years ago. Then it was all plain sailing indeed. The captain shot the sun or took a star; his face shone rubicund at the head of the cuddy table; perhaps you might see him in a tall hat and goloshes walking up and down the deck in the morning watch while the men wash down; he was not expected to go the rounds of the ship, looking into people's bed-rooms to see that they were clean, counting the livestock or writing down his instructions for the night. The chief and second mates had watch and watch; both of them with the captain took the altitude of the sun at noon; and though gales of wind brought their excitement, and though there were 1,000 jobs connected with the rigging and the hull incessantly demanding attention, yet there was a certain drowsiness in the old diciplinе—a sort of humdrumness that seemed to steal into the ship's inner life out of her motherly round bows, her studding-sail booms and heavy courses, which has been utterly extinguished by the pounding of the marine engine and the iron thrashing of the propeller.

Passengers wonder as they gaze aloft on board a steamer what sort of work is expected of the twenty or thirty men and boys who constitute the strictly marine element in the ship's forecastle. Where steamers carry yards—like the White Star Liners, which are ship-rigged, and the Cunarders, which are bark-rigged—they sheet home and hoist away very often to the tune of the old familiar songs; but in most steamships, there is nothing to spread but shoulder-of-mutton canvas. The rigging is set up with screws, and requires no attention; and there is little risk of the ratlines carrying away, because it is the rarest thing in the world for a man to mount the shrouds. But if there is nothing to be done aloft, there is plenty for Jack to attend to below. The men begin at 3:30 in the morning by putting on closed bunker lids, and by leading the hose along ready for washing down. At 4 o'clock the watch "turns to," scrubbing with sand or with holy-stone, while the boys clean brass-work. More scrubbing goes on at 6, and a great deal of washing of wood-work takes place at 7:30. Then at 8 o'clock the watch is relieved, and the watch below comes up and falls to cleaning wood-work fore and aft. From 9 o'clock onward boats are cleaned, rigging repaired if necessary, iron-work chipped, wood-work cleaned and varnished, awnings doctored, sails repaired and so forth. Then, besides all this cleaning, varnishing, chipping and the rest of it, the men have to work sluices and bulkhead doors, rig binge-pumps, oil the iron-work, black the cables, exercise at fire and boat stations, wash clothes and sweep decks. An old sailor might wonder what there is for Jack on board a steamer to put his hand to, but if he takes a single trip on an ocean steamship of the era he will never find the watch idle for an instant.—*Harper's Weekly.*

LITTLE PEOPLE.

Child—Grandpa, how old are you? Grandpa—I am eighty-seven years old, my little dear. Child—Then you were born eighty years before I was. Grandpa—Yes, my little girl. Child—What a long, long time you had alone waiting for me.

A lady told this story the other day in Sorosis, the incident having occurred in her own family: "A small boy was requested to look up the word 'anonymous,' and use it in a sentence. He found the meaning to be 'without a name,' and thereupon handed the following to his happy parent: 'Mamma has given us a new baby; it is anonymous.'"

Teacher (to a small girl who had "skipped school")—Where have you been, and what have you been doing all the morning? Small girl (working the heel of her shoe into a crack in the floor)—Part of the time riding down hill. Teacher (with an encouraging smile as a recognition of veracity)—And what were you doing the rest of the time?—Small girl (naively) Walking up.

A little friend of mine was recently taken to the place where his grandfather had been buried a few weeks previous—a lonely spot on the edge of a gloomy wood down in Le Sueur county. "Is this heaven, mamma?" whispered the little fellow, fearfully. "No, dear; this is a graveyard. "Well," returned the little fellow, thoughtfully, "I'm glad it isn't. You told me grandpa had gone to heaven, and I thought that this was the place."

A little Boston girl of six summers whose high-bred King Charles spaniel was entered for the dog show was overheard giving very earnest advice to her darling upon the proper manner of conducting himself in this strange show to which he was going; and she laid especial stress upon the company he was to keep there: "Don't 'sociate with common dogs," she instructed him impressively. "You may speak to the President's dog, Queen Victoria's dog and—and God's dog."

Nellie, whose grandfather began life as a cabin boy and finished as a millionaire, was paid by her mother 1 cent a dozen for pins picked up from the carpet, to keep the baby from getting them. "Nurse," said Nelly, as the stock of pennies increased, "do you know what I'm going to do when I have six cents?" "No," answered nurse. "I am going to buy a paper of pins and scatter them over the floor, and then pick them up," replied the young financier, who was barely five years old.

There is great hope for a boy when he develops valuable ideas of economy at the age of seven. Such a person is the youthful Tommy, who managed the other night to get his face extremely dirty after he had eaten his supper, and was told by his mother to wash it before he went to bed. "But, mamma," he said, "don't you think it'd be kind of wasteful to wash my face now?" "Wasteful? What in the world do you mean, Tommy?" "Why, what isn't any use is wasteful, isn't it? And it would not be any use to wash my face now, 'cause nobody'll see it in the night."

ART AND ARTISTS.

Kramskoi, the finest portrait-painter in Russia, died April the 13th, at St. Petersburg.

William Augustus Savile, the English artist, died recently at Cannes of heart disease.

The death is announced of Eugene Andre Oudene, the French sculptor, aged seventy-seven.

W. S. Webb of New York offers $300 annually as a prize for the best landscape by an American artist.

Queen Victoria has just had her photograph taken by a new process, which makes the picture look exactly like an etching, and she is said to be greatly pleased with it.

The administration of the Berlin Royal Museum is about to sell at auction this spring a number of antique objects of art, to be followed in the fall by a sale of oil paintings.

An aquarelle by Adolf Menzel, 17 by 13 centimeters in size, was recently sold at 5,000 marks (making at that rate a price of 226,300 marks per square meter), the highest price probably ever paid in Germany for a work of art.

A SERIES OF SWELLS.

1. The pugilist's swell.

2. The swell of the bull-dog after he has devoured a small boy.

3. The swell of the sea.

4. The gouty swell.

5. Two Fifth Avenue swells. Dudes of the first magnitude.

A Very Useful Office.

Captain William Henry, of Stockton, is a thorough steamboat man. What he doesn't know about a steamboat wouldn't be a particle of use to our weak and jerky navy.

Coming down from Stockton to this city the other evening on the boat was a party of steamboat men, among the number Captain Henry.

After an excellent supper the party gathered around the cabin stove.

"Boys," said Henry, "my first experience as a steamboat man was on the Lackawanna canal."

"On a canal?" inquired one of the group, in amazement.

"Yes, I steamboated on a canal."

"Drive the mules?"

"No."

"Cook?"

"No."

"Attend to the bow-line?"

"No."

"Well, what did you do?"

"I was purser."

"Purser on a canal boat!"

"Yes."

"I don't see what earthly use there could be for a purser on a canal boat."

"Well, if you won't give it away, I will tell you. I looked after my own washing," replied the captain.—[California Paper.

GRAINS OF GOLD.

Misfortune is the touchstone of friendship.

Covet little, love much, and you will be happy.

Russian proverb: A man's reception is according to his coat; his dismissal according to his sense.

A wise deity shrouds in obscure darkness the events of the time to come, and smiles if a mortal is solicitous beyond the law of nature. Be mindful to manage duly that which is present.

The famous "Rebellion Record" is to be supplemented by three additional volumes.

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RELIGIOUS NOTES.

Only 2 per cent. of the working classes attend church in London.

Australian Presbyterians are raising $250,000 for church extension and education.

The Northern Methodist Book Concern has assets $1,832,673.82; net profits for the year, $121,860.26.

John D. Lankerman has given $1,000,000 for a German hospital, to be in charge of Lutheran deaconnesses at Philadelphia.

Bishop John Williams of the Diocese of Connecticut is now the senior Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church of America.

The rector of Trinity Church at Mount Holly, N. J., strongly discourages the practice of certain members of his choir who read the newspapers during the service.

The Sunday school of the First Baptist Church, Charlestown, Mass., which observed its seventy-fourth anniversary on the evening of April the 17th, is said to be the oldest in the United States.

Lord William Cecil, second son of the Marquis of Salisbury, who has been licensed to a curacy at Great Yarmouth, England, has arrived in that town and is about to labor in one of its poorest districts.

One of the oldest preachers in the country is Elder Philip S. Fales of the old Campbellite Church in Nashville, Tenn. He has preached ever since its dedication sixty-six years ago, and his age is eighty-nine.

Cardinal Taschereau of Canada has prohibited Catholics from attending the meetings of the Salvation Army; and tracts and hymn books distributed by the Salvationists are ordered to be thrown into the fire.

Mr. Moody has secured a guarantee fund to found, in Chicago, a training school for missionaries. The purpose is to make it, not a theological seminary, but a means of educating men in the practical work of evangelization.

According to the Roman Catholic Directory recently published, there are 413 priests in the diocese of New York, 312 in Boston, 287 in Baltimore, 282 in Chicago, 270 in Philadelphia, 254 in St. Louis, 227 in Milwaukee and 219 in Cincinnati.

At a conference of the sect known as the Mennonite Brethern in Christ, held at Reading, Penn., recently, a vote was passed that preachers be prohibited from riding on railroads on Sunday. One minister declared that he walked eighteen miles every Sunday.

There are now twenty-seven vessels engaged in missionary work in different parts of the world under the auspices of sixteen societies; of these missionary vessels sixteen are running on the coasts or rivers of Africa and six among the islands of the Pacific Ocean.

In fourteen years 700 Protestant chapels have been built in Madagascar, making the present number 1,200. There are 8,000 Protestant communicants, and all the churches are self-supporting. The Queen recently attended the opening of two Christian churches at Amhokimanga.

The Protestant churches of Great Britain, America and the Continent of Europe have, in heathen and Mahommedan lands 3,000 ordained missionaries, 730 laymen and 2,500 women, while there are also 27,000 native converts paid as evangelists and 2,500 more are ordained pastors of native churches.

In Greece the Government permits the free distribution of the Scriptures and protects the colporteurs. The gospels in the original (old) Greek are used as a reading-book in the higher classes of the primary schools. Gospel preaching is yet on a limited scale, owing to the lack of qualified preachers.

At the recent anniversary of the Arch-street M. E. Church in Philadelphia Bishop Warren (a former pastor) spoke sarcastically of what he called "the cream-cheese style of a parson," who in preaching to a congregation of rich sinners, is accustomed to say: "Brethern, you must repent, as it were, and be converted in a measure, or you will be damned, to some extent."

A large number of images of angels and saints having been introduced into the Cathedral at St. Giles at Edinburgh, Scotland, a petition signed by 500 residents of the parish was recently presented to the Edinburgh Presbytery, asking that the courts should take steps to have these images removed, "as enjoined by the Bible and laws of the National Church."

At Cincinnatti, on the 14th ult., Judge Shroder rendered a decision which is of interest to every holder of a lot in a cemetery. The trustees of an old cemetery in Avondale, which had been condemned in 1884, wished to sell it but were resisted by owners of lots. Judge Shroder issued an order of sale on the ground that lots in a cemetery cannot be held in fee simple, but are bought like pews in a church, to be surrendered when the building is to be torn down.

There recently died in the little Austrian village of Ladagora a Jewish rabbi, who lived in a state of almost regal magnificence who was absolute in his rule over the neighboring population, and who was supposed to possess the power of prophecy and miraculous healing to such degree that his followers paid him almost divine homage. The Jewish pontiffs in this Austrian village form a regular succession, each one upon his death-bed appointing his successor. Their common title is "the miraculous rabbi."

It is the opinion of the *Churchman* that even purely "fashionable" church-going with dainty prayer-books and Lenten toilets," is a diversion better than balls and theatres to the young women of society. If, it insists, we will but look deep enough into the hearts of these charming victims of society, one may perhaps find that even this conventional Lent brings some deeping of the heart and some stirrings of the conscience which in the aggregate are by no means useless toward keeping social life from utter shallowness.

"Applied Christianity" is the ironical title which the *Arkansas Methodist* gives to the following: Give $5 to the theatre twice or three times a week, and then throw 50 cents in to support your pastor on Sunday. Expend as much more on the circus and pleasure excusions, and then get angry and say your pastor will ruin the church by so many collections. Go to church on Sunday with over $1,000 to bedeck your person with useless ornaments and sing, "Waft, ye Winds His Story," and then put in an old, slick quarter to convert the world to God.

An interesting account of the peculiar Jewish sect of the Karaites, 40,000 of whom live in Galicia, is given by Sacher-Moasch, the Salvonic novelist. The Karaites acknowledge only the first book of Moses as their religious guide. Where reason and revelation agree, they say, they accept them as two excellent things, but where they disagree, they must hold with revelation, for if reason had been sufficient revelation would have been superfluous. The Karaites consider that it is not allowed to discuss the fundamental basis of revelation. It is contrary to their religious practices to light a fire. In warm climates they do without fires, but in Galicia, where the winters are severe, they get the Christians to light their fires for them. Unlike other Jews, they consider commerce illicit, except in goods which they have themselves produced. They appear to be a remarkably virtuous and quiet people, not one of them having been condemned in any law court for the past four hundred years. They are sensible withal, a favorite saying of theirs being, "if you cannot do that which you would like to do, you must be willing to do what you can."

The guest of the evening at the March meeting of the Boston Unitarian Club was Mr. Monini, the Brahmin now visiting in Boston. He is a grandson of the illustrious Rammohun Roy. In his speech to the club he said that, while was a true Brahmin, he was also and at the same time a true Christian. The following is from the Boston *Advertiser's* report: "In coming into a proper understanding of Christianity he perceived its essential identity with true Brahminism. The question of debate in Christian lands as to whether the New Testament record of Jesus is perfectly authentic he held to be the wrong question for consideration, and all argument about it goes wide of the mark. The incidents recorded in the accredited story of the life of Jesus doubtless were those best fitted to impress upon the minds of the Western or European people the truth which Jesus had to reveal. Quite a different set of attendant facts would be needed to impress the same truth upon the Eastern or Asiatic mind. The Greeks, the Romans and other western people had a terror of death. To them it was a matter of awe and mystery. To impress the truth which Jesus taught, the best agency, the best rhetoric, was that which should bring forward with great emphasis the facts pertaining to his death upon the cross. But with the people of India quite a different rhetoric would be necessary to impress the same identical truth. That people had no terror or awe about death, and the story of the crucifixion would make no impression upon them. * * *

The particular record of the New Testament which most clearly and conclusively revealed to him the essential truth of the teachings of Jesus is the prayer that Jesus offered when the time of his crucifixion approached, the prayer that if it were possible the cup might pass from him, but if not, 'Thy will, not mine, be done.' This utterance clearly indicates that Jesus was moved by no mere zeal to attest his religious teaching by martyrdom, but was willing to avoid that if it might be; nevertheless, he would that God's will should be done. Herein is the point of identity between Brahminism and Christianity, the attestation that Jesus perceived and knew, and accordingly taught the essential truth."

WIT AND HUMOR.

"Why, it is as plain as that two and two make four." "But I deny *that* too; for two and two make twenty-two."

"Rudolph, whom did you say your friend Eckstein had married?" "Ach! he has married money—a matter of 4,000,000 thalers. I have forgotten the other name."

An Echo of Lent—"Seems to me the last Lenten season was the most tedious and stupid that I ever passed." "Bah: do as I did and you would find it short enough." "How is that?" "I made a promissory note payable at Easter."

One of our correspondents had occasion to go into a store a city to inquire for Dr. Abercrombie's works "The Intellectual Faculties" and "The Philosophy of the Moral Feelings." When he asked for them the bookseller, after looking about, solemnly replied, "I know I haven't any Moral Feelings, and I doubt whether I have any Intellectual Faculties!"

A man from Pine Knob stood watching a performance on a slide trombone. Suddenly seizing a companion's arm, the Pine Knob man excitedly exclaimed: "For the Lawd's sake, look thare, Lige," "Whut's the matter?" "Look thar, he dun it agin." "Done what?" "W'y, crowded mo'n ha'f that blamed ho'n inter his mouth. Did you see that? Wall, I'll sw'ar."

"Have you the *carte du jour?*" said the affected miss to the hotel waiter. "A carte at the dure, is it?" he said. "Faith, Oi'm not, mum. It's a waither, an' not a rag man, Oi belave Oi am, mum." And then she compiained of his insolence and stupidity.

FASHIONS FOR SPRING DAYS.

Some of the new bonnets have a slight face trimming of fine flowers just inside the top of the brim.

A leading style in sleeve buttons is a knot of platinum and gold, heavily chased or in contrasted finish.

Both wool and silk materials of all weights and qualities show various styles of weaving in one fabric.

Some very beautiful toilets are made with skirts of rich faille Francaise, and the perfect-fitting corsage is of velvet of a deeper shade.

English dressmakers are using very long and ample skirt draperies upon spring dresses, and decided contrasts in color are also noted.

Some of the new sateens have as designs tennis implements, oars crossed, snowshoes, toboggan figures and the like, upon dark grounds.

True repentance is never too late; but late repentance may not be true.